# DINO® 160xtb

# **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**



### **Manufacturer:**



Raikkolantie 145 FI-32210 LOIMAA Tel. +358 2 762 5900 Fax. +358 2 762 7160 dino@dinolift.com www.dinolift.com

Dealer:

# **ORIGINAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

Valid from serial number 160016

### DINO 160XTB

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1	EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	5
2	REACH DIAGRAM	6
3	DIMENSION DRAWING	7
4	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	8
4	<ul> <li>4.1 EXAMPLE OF THE MACHINE'S NAMEPLATE</li></ul>	9
5		
	5.1 !! Instructions for safe operation!	
	REGULAR INSPECTION	
6		
7	WORKSITE INSPECTION	
8	OPERATION OF SAFETY DEVICES	
9	OPERATING CONTROLS ON THE CHASSIS CONTROL	
	9.1 OPERATING CONTROLS OF DRIVE SYSTEM	
-	<ul> <li>9.2 START BUTTON FOR OUTRIGGER OPERATIONS</li> <li>9.3 OPERATING CONTROLS FOR OUTRIGGERS</li> </ul>	
	9.4 OPERATING CONTROLS ON THE CHASSIS CONTROL	-
10 TF	MEASURES TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF EMERGENCY HE STABILITY	
11		
	11.2 OPERATING THE LIFT FROM THE PLATFORM PANEL	29
12	2 EMERGENCY DESCENT SYSTEM	35
13	3 DRIVING DEVICE	36
14	4 DRIVING DEVICE	37
	14.1 OPERATING CONTROLS OF DRIVE SYSTEM	38
15	5 SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR WINTER USE	39
16	6 MEASURES TO BE TAKEN AT THE END OF THE WO	RKING DAY40
17		
18		
19		
	19.1 GENERAL SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS	
	19.2 MAINTENANCE OF THE BATTERIES	
	19.3 SERVICE AND INSPECTION INSTRUCTIONS	45
	19.4 LUBRICATION PLAN	
	<ul><li>19.5 LONG-TERM STORAGE</li><li>19.6 LOAD HOLDING AND LOAD REGULATION VALVES</li></ul>	
	19.0 LOAD HOLDING AND LOAD REGULATION VALVES  19.7 WHEEL BRAKES AND BEARINGS	
	19.8 LEVELLING SYSTEM OF THE PLATFORM	
	19.9 REGULAR SERVICING	
	19.9.1 TESTING THE LOAD LIMIT SWITCHES RK4 AND	) <b>RK 5</b> 61

### DINO 160XTB

19.	.9.2 ADJUSTMENT OF THE OVERLOAD LIMIT SWITCHES	63
20	INSPECTION INSTRUCTIONS	66
20.1	FIRST INSPECTION	67
20.	.1.1 Sample of inspection protocol for the access platform	67
20.2	DAILY INSPECTION (START-UP INSPECTION)	
20.3	MONTHLY INSPECTION (MAINTENANCE INSPECTION)	70
20.4	ANNUAL INSPECTION (REGULAR INSPECTION)	
20.5	EXTRAORDINARY INSPECTION	
20.6	TEST LOADING INSTRUCTIONS FOR REGULAR INSPECTION	75
21	FAULT FINDING	76
22	GENERAL INFORMATION OF HYDRAULICS	83
23	ELECTRIC COMPONENTS DINO 160XTB	84
23.1	CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), RELAYS	84
23.2	CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), SWITCHES	86
23.3	CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), OTHER ITEMS	87
23.4	PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), RELAYS	
23.5	PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), SWITCHES	
23.6	PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), OTHER ITEMS	
23.7	LIMIT SWITCHES	
23.8	DRIVING DEVICE CONTROL CENTRE (DCB)	
23.9	OTHER MARKINGS	90
24	ELECTRIC COMPONENTS 16701 >	92
25	ELECTRIC DIAGRAM 160016 >	95
HYDR	AULIC COMPONENTS 160016 >	108
HYDR	AULIC DIAGRAM 160016 ->	110

### 1 EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

# **EU Declaration of Conformity**

Dinolift Oy Raikkolantie 145 FI-32210 Loimaa,

which has authorised the **Chief Engineer Mr. Seppo Kopu** to draw up the Technical Construction File

declares that

### DINO 160 XTB Access Platform no YGC D160XT X X XXXXX

complies with the provisions of the Machine Directive 2006/42/EC and its amendments as well as the national decree, through which they have been brought into effect as well as the regulations of the Low Voltage Directive 2000/14/EC and the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC.

Notified body nr. 0537,

VTT P.O.Box 1300 FI-33101 Tampere FINLAND

has granted the certificate no. VTT 176 / 524 / 09

In designing the machine, the following harmonized standards have been applied:

SFS-EN 280/A1+A2; SFS-EN 60204-1

Loimaa 22.11.2012 (place) (date)

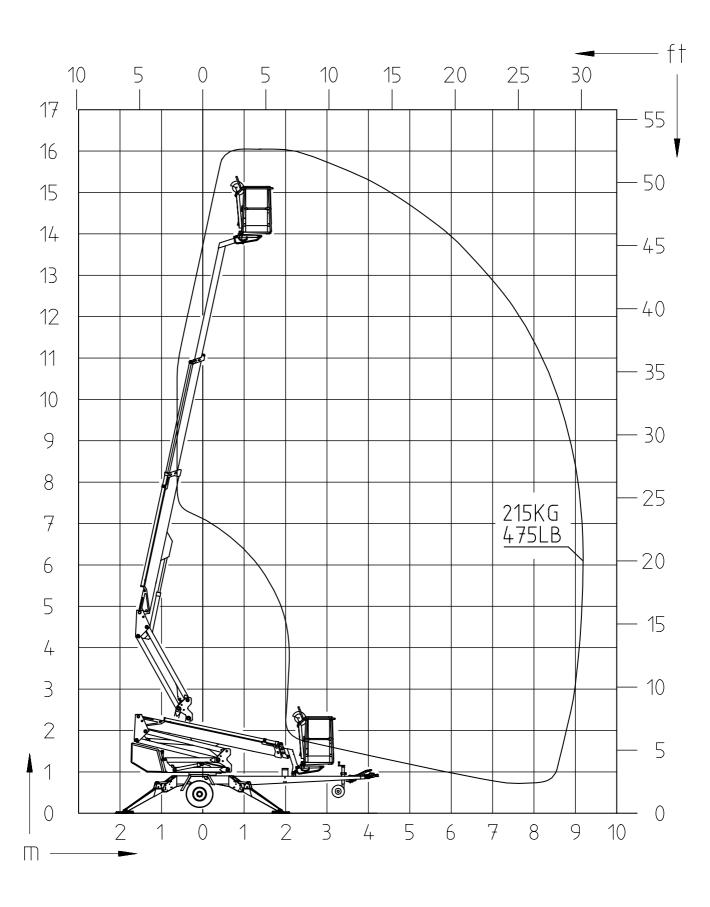
\_\_\_\_\_

(signature)
Seppo Kopu

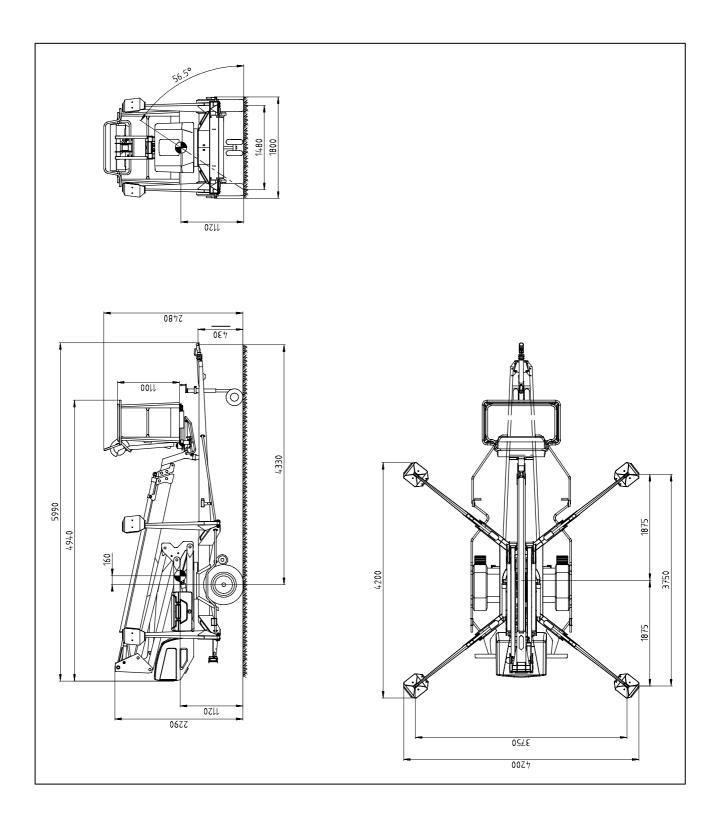
Chief Engineer

(name in block letters, position)

### 2 REACH DIAGRAM



# 3 DIMENSION DRAWING



refer to reach diagram

### 4 **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

16.0 m Max. working height Max. platform height 14.0 m Max. outreach 9.1 m Boom rotation continuous 90° Platform rotation

3.80 m Support width Transport width 1.78 m 5.91 m Transport length Transport height 2.20 m

Weight (without power unit) 2,200 kg Max. allowed load on platform 215 kg Max. number of persons + additional load

2 persons + 55 kgMax. allowed sideways load (caused by persons) 400 N

±0.3° Max. lateral inclination (chassis) 12,5 m/s Max. wind speed during operation Min. ambient temperature when working -20 °C Max. support force on the outriggers 16,800 N Työkorin koko 0.7 x 1.3 m

Gradeability 25 %

Power supply: 24V/2kW/Batteries 4x6V

powered by batteries:

235Ah

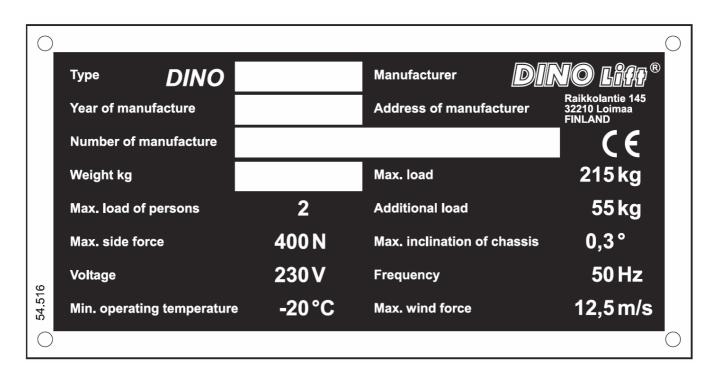
Turn area

- Sound pressure level under 70 dB

230V / 50Hz / 10A mains current, recharging batteries:

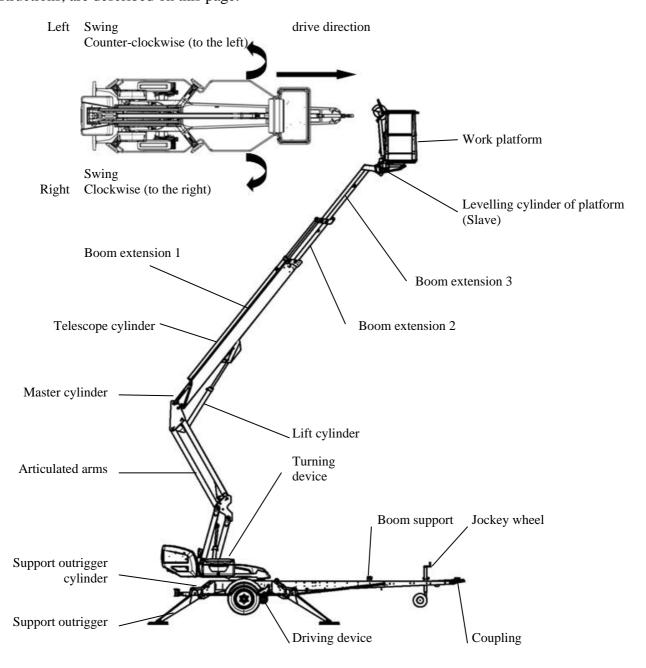
under 70 dB - Sound pressure level Socket outlets on the platform 230V / 50Hz / 16A

### 4.1 Example of the machine's nameplate



### 4.2 General description of the machine

The denominations of the machine's essential parts and concepts, which are used later in these instructions, are described on this page.



### 4.3 Description of the machine's intended use

The Access Platform is exclusively intended for transferring people and tools and acting as a work platform to the limit of its load-bearing capacity and reach (refer to the table of Technical Specifications and Reach Diagram).

The intended use also covers:

- Following all the instructions in the Operating Instructions
- Performance of the inspections and maintenance operations

### 5 GENERAL SAFETY REGULATIONS

### Make yourself familiar with these operation instructions before using the lift!

- Keep these operating instructions in the place reserved for them.
- Make sure that all users of the lift are familiar with these instructions.
- Advice the new users and strictly follow all instructions given by the manufacturer.
- Make sure you clearly understand all instructions relating to the operational safety of the lift.

### Always use chocks under the wheels when disconnecting the lift from the car.

# Only specially trained personnel with authorisation in writing from the employer who are well familiarised with the device and at least 18-years old are allowed to operate the lift.

- The max. allowed load on the platform is two (2) persons and at maximum fifty five (55) kg of additional load, however, the total load must not exceed two hundred fifteen (215) kg.
- The platform may only be operated when the chassis is well supported and the wheels are off the ground.
- The load-bearing capacity and the gradient of the base must be taken into account when supporting the chassis.
- Additional support plates of adequate size must be used under the outriggers when working on soft ground. Only use such additional support plates on which the metallic outriggers will not slide.

# The lift may only be moved in the transport position. No persons or load are allowed on the platform during the transportation.

The weather conditions, such as wind, visibility and rain, must always be taken into account so that these factors will not adversely affect the safe performance of the lifting operations.

### The use of the lift is prohibited if

- the temperature drops under -20 or
- the wind speed exceeds 12.5 m/s

### **USE THE SAFETY HARNESS!**



Do not use ladders, steps or other similar equipment on the platform.

Never throw any objects from the platform.

The lift must not be used for transferring goods or persons between different floors or working levels.

Never disable the operation of any safety device.

Always make sure before lowering the platform that the area on the underside is clear of any obstructions.

Avoid damaging the platform by lowering it on the ground or bringing it in contact with any structures.

When working in busy areas the operating range of the lift must be clearly marked either by using warning lights or fencing.

Also observe the regulations of the Road Traffic Act.

### Beware of the live aerial power lines in the area - observe the minimum safety distances:

Voltage	Min. distance below (m)	Min. distance at the side (m)
100 – 400 V hanging spiral cable	0,5	0,5
100 – 400 V open-wire cable	2	2
6 – 45 kV	2	3
110 kV	3	5
220 kV	4	5
400 kV	5	5

Keep the lift clean of any dirt which may impair the safe operation and impede the inspection of the structures

The device must be serviced and inspected regularly.

Only skilled persons who are familiar with the service and reparation instructions are allowed to carry out the service and reparation work.

It is strictly prohibited to use a lift which is out of order.

The device must neither be altered without the manufacturer's consent nor be used under conditions which do not meet the requirements set by the manufacturer.

The operator must be given instructions and consent from the manufacturer for all such specific work methods or conditions, which the manufacturer has not explicitly defined

### 5.1 !! Instructions for safe operation!

- Use a safety harness while on the platform.

- Never load the platform while in the upper position.
- The lift must not be used when the temperature is below -20°C and the wind speed exceeds 12.5 m/s.
- Beware of live power lines within the work area.
- The lift MUST NOT be used as a crane.
- Always ensure the load-bearing capacity of the standing surface.
- Ensure the unobstructed range of movement before operating the outriggers.
- While in the support position, ensure that the wheels are off the ground.
- Always verify the horizontal position of the machine.
- Ensure that the outriggers cannot slide while on a gradient.
- Always ensure that the work area is clear of outsiders. Danger of getting squeezed between rotating and fixed structures.
- Stepping on or off the platform in motion is prohibited.
- The maximum-allowed gradient during transfers is  $5^{\circ}$ . During transfer in rough terrain, try to stay above the machine.
- While operating the boom from the control panel on the turning device, beware of getting pressed against the outriggers or other structures that do not turn with the boom.
- When the boom is in its lowest positions, make sure it cannot clash during rotation with structures that do not turn with the boom.
- Before operating, always ensure that the safety devices and the emergency descent system are in working order.
- Do not take tools/material of large surface area onto the platform. The increase in wind load may jeopardize the stability of the device.
- Always keep the lift free from dirt, snow and ice.
- Ensure that the lift is inspected and serviced, before use.
- Never use a defective lift.
- Never use a lift alone. Make sure, there is always someone on the ground, who can call for help in case of an emergency.

### 6 REGULAR INSPECTION

A thorough inspection of the lift must be carried out at least once every twelve (12) months.

The inspection shall be carried out by a technically trained person who is familiar with the operation and structure of the lift.

Draw up a protocol of the inspections and keep it always with the unit stored in the space reserved for it.

Carry out he inspections on regular basis throughout the service life of the lift.

The inspection must be carried out within twelve (12) months from the first or the previous inspection.

If the lift is used under extreme conditions, intervals between the inspections shall be reduced.

The overall operating condition of the lift as well as the condition of the safety-related control devices shall be established in the regular inspections. Particular attention shall be paid to changes which affect the operational safety.

In connection with the regular inspection, it shall be established to what extent the lessons and practical experience gained from the previous inspection can be implemented for even better safety.

NOTE! Primarily the national legislation must be followed!

Regular inspections and service measures are described more thoroughly in the chapter "Service- and maintenance".

### 7 WORKSITE INSPECTION

### 1. General information

- Is the lift suited for the intended job?
- Is the performance of the lift sufficient for the job? (reach, loadability etc.)
- Is the position of the lift safe?
- Is the lighting on the worksite sufficient?

### 2. Documents

- Are the Operation and Service Instructions for this lift present? (Manufacturer's instructions)
- Are inspections and servicing carried out in accordance with the instructions and have the defects affecting the safety been checked as repaired?
   (Inspection protocols)

### 3. Structure (Visual inspection and operational test)

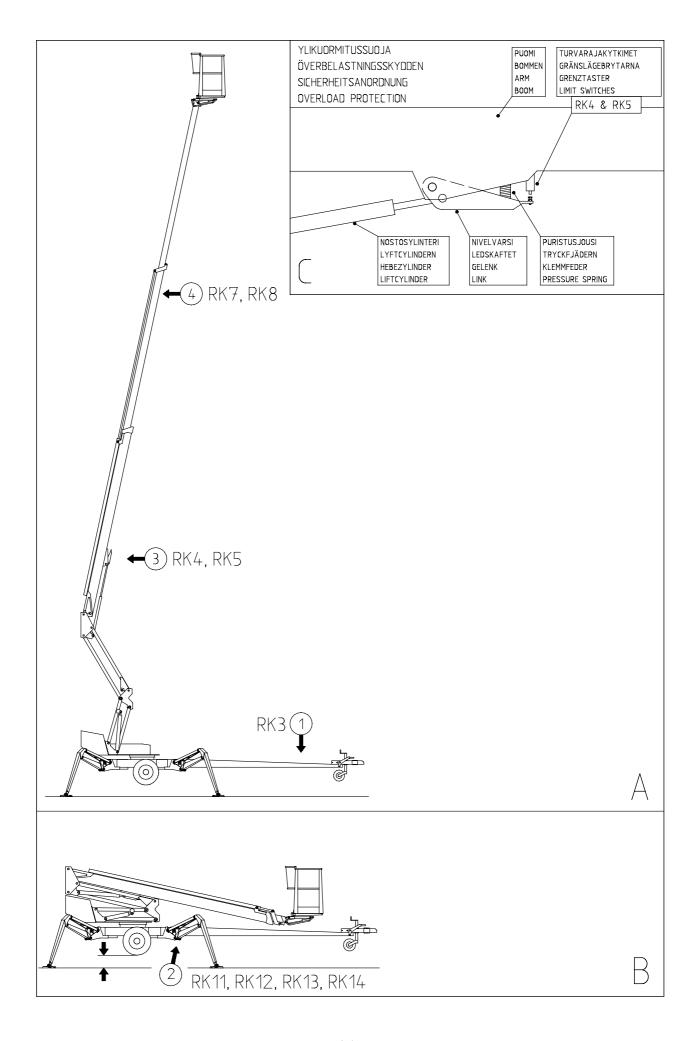
- General condition of the lift
- Operation and protection of the controls
- Emergency stop, signal horn and limit switches
- Electrical appliances and wiring
- Oil leaks
- Load markings and signs

### 4. Operator

- Is the operator old enough?
- Has the operator received the required training?

### 5. Special issues on the work site

- Are there any additional regulations relevant to the worksite or the work?



### 8 OPERATION OF SAFETY DEVICES

### 1. Support outriggers (Fig. A)

The safety limit switch **RK3** prevents the operation of the outriggers and the driving device when the boom does not rest on the transport support. The switch is located on the tow-bar at the transport support.

### 2. Lifting the boom (Fig. B)

All the lift's support outriggers must be in the support position before the boom is lifted. Make sure that the wheels are off the ground.

The safety limit switches RK11, RK12, RK13 ja RK14 are located on the support outriggers.

### 3. Overload protection switches (Figs. A and C)

The safety limit switches prevent overloading of the lift. At a predetermined position the overload limit switch **RK4** stops extension of the telescope and lowering of the boom. The overload limit switch **RK5** backs up if the RK4 for some reason does not work. The green light in the platform control centre is lit when the platform is inside the allowed operating range. The red light comes on as the RK4 stops the movement. When the red light is on, the lift can be operated in the direction where it stays inside the allowed outreach area. The safety limit switch RK5 backs up the operation of the RK4 by switching on the buzzer on the platform.

4. As the emergency stop button is depressed all movements stop and the power unit is turned off.

The emergency stop pushbutton must be pulled up before starting the power unit.

Ensure the operation of the safety devices - do not lock the chassis panel cover with key while the lift is in operation.

### 9 OPERATING CONTROLS ON THE CHASSIS CONTROL PANEL

### 1. Selector switch

- 1a ignition off
- 1b -outriggers, hydraulic drive and operating the boom from the chassis panel
- 1c -controlling the boom from the platform panel
- 2. I/ II speed (is used simultaneously with control levers for the boom)
- 3. Emergency stop -button
- 4A. Green signal light for limit switches of the outriggers
- 4B. Red signal light for the safety device (RK5)
- 6. Telescope in, pushbutton
- 7. Lever switch for turning
- 8. Lever switch for boom system
- 9. Lever switch for telescope movement
- 10. Voltage meter
- 16. Position indicator of chassis
- 32. Lever switch for platform inclination
- 33. Lever switch for articulated arms
- 34. Battery voltage / Hour meter / Display of error codes for engine controller
- 40. Automatic fuse for socket outlets



### Battery gauge (14)

- 1. As the current is switched on using the key switch, the operating hours of the motor are displayed on the gauge for 5 seconds.
- 2. During normal operation, the state of charge of the batteries is displayed in per cents.
- 3. If the motor controller observes malfunction, an error code is displayed.



The LED signal lights in the gauge indicate the current mode of the display

Left LED	LED at the centre	Right LED
green	yellow	red
ON - operating hours are displayed	ON - state of charge of the batteries is displayed in % Flashes – state of charge below 10 %	Flashes - error code

### Error codes

CODE xx	DESCRIPTION	REMEDY
11	Internal current measurement error in the controller.	Switch off the current and retry
12	Error in the internal safety circuit for the controller.	Switch off the current and retry
13	Malfunction or short circuit of motor connections	Check the power cables and wiring of the motor.
14	Locking/malfunction in the directional switch circuit	Check fuses, control circuit for the controller and wiring.
21	Motor revolutions adjusted to too high value	Check joystick and wiring of the control circuit.
22	Emergency reverse - not in operation	Controller incorrectly programmed
23	Locking/malfunction in the revolution control circuit	Check fuses, control circuit for the controller and wiring.
24	Motor revolutions adjusted to too low value	Check joystick and wiring of the control circuit.
31	Excess current or short circuit in the main contactor spool	Check the main contactor, replace as required
32	Tip of main contactor shorted out	Check the main contactor, replace as required
33	Field coil of the engine broken - not in use	Controller incorrectly programmed
34	Control circuit for the main contactor spool broken	Check whether the connector for the main contactor is loose
41	Low battery voltage < 17VDC	Recharge the batteries immediately
42	Excess voltage > 30VDC	Check operation of the battery charger
43	Temperature too high > 85 °C or too	Check ambient temperature

# low < -25 °C Locking/malfunction in the selector switch circuit Check fuses, control circuit for the controller and wiring.

Capacity of the batteries is affected by the operating temperature.

100 % is reached at the temperature of 30 °C, at 0 °C the capacity is 80 % of normal, at -20 °C

the capacity is 50 % of normal

Note! When the charger is connected to mains, the display immediately shows 100 % even if the batteries are not fully charged. You can check the state of charge of the batteries before charging.

Always keep the charger connected for a sufficiently long time irrespective of the readout on the display! The recharger is equipped with overcharge protection.

# 9.1 OPERATING CONTROLS OF DRIVE SYSTEM

S44 Emergency stop

S40 Forward

S41 Backward

S40/S41 + S42 drive to the right

S40/S41 + S43 drive to the left

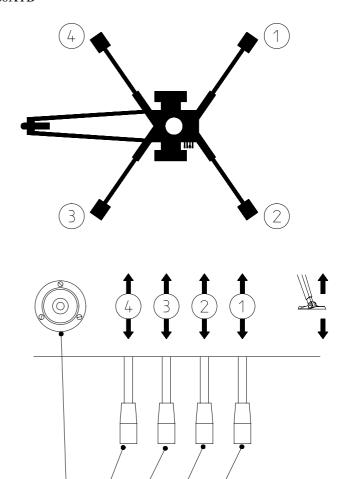




**9.2** Start button for outrigger operations

# 9.3 OPERATING CONTROLS FOR OUTRIGGERS

- 12. Rear outrigger, right
- 13. Rear outrigger, left
- 14. Front outrigger, left
- 15. Front outrigger, right
- 16. Position indicator of chassis



### 9.4 OPERATING CONTROLS ON THE CHASSIS CONTROL PANEL

16

15

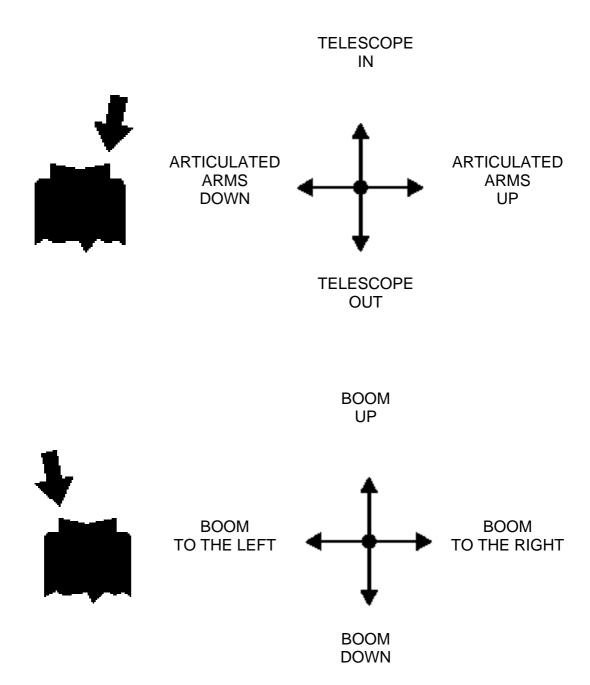
14

### 1. Turn the selector switch (1) to position 1c – platform panel

Close the cover of the chassis control panel before operating the platform controls. The cover must not be locked while the lift is in operation.

The motor starts and stops automatically, as the movement is activated

### 17. Control lever





### 18. Signal lights

- green inside the outreach range

- red at the border of the outreach range

- 21. Retracting the telescope
- 22. Emergency stop
- push to stop
- pull to reset
- 23. Sound signal
- 24. Socket outlet 230VAC/ (2 pcs.)
- 30. Turning the platform (is used simultaneously with pushbutton 35)
- 31. Platform swing fuse
- 35. Levelling of the platform (pushbutton)
- 36. Lever for levelling of platform (is used simultaneously with pushbutton 35)

# 10 MEASURES TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF EMERGENCY/AT RISK OF LOSING THE STABILITY

Reduced stability can be caused by a fault in the lift, the wind or other lateral force, collapse of the standing base or negligence in providing sufficient support. In most cases one sign of reduced stability is the inclination of the lift.

### WHEN AT RISK OF LOSING THE STABILITY

- 1. If there is time, try to find out the reason for the reduced stability and the direction of its effect. Warn other people on the work site using the alarm signal.
- 2. If possible, reduce the load from the platform in a safe manner.
- 3. Reduce the outreach to the side by retracting the telescopic boom using the emergency descent system. Avoid abrupt movements.
- 4. Turn the boom away from the danger zone, i.e. to a position where the stability of the lift is normal.
- 5. Lower the boom.

If the stability has been lost as a result of a fault in the lift, repair such a fault immediately.

# Do not use the lift until the fault has been repaired and the condition of the lift has been verified.

### IN CASE OF OVERLOADING

- 1. If there is time, try to find out the reason for the reduced stability and the direction of its effect. Warn other people on the work site using the alarm signal.
- 2. If possible, reduce the load from the platform in a safe manner.
- 3. Reduce the outreach to the side by retracting the telescopic boom using the emergency descent system.
- 4. The green light becomes illuminated when the overload situation is reset. After this the machine may be operated normally.

### IN CASE THE POWER SUPPLY IS INTERRUPTED

- 1. Lower the boom using the emergency descent system (see point "Emergency descent system")
- 2. Establish the reason why the energy supply was interrupted.

# IN CASE OF MALFUNCTION, WHEN EVEN THE EMERGENCY DESCENT SYSTEM IS NOT OPERATIONAL

If the emergency descent system does not operate, try to warn other personnel present on the site so that they can call for help so that the power supply required for normal operation can be resumed or make the emergency descent system by other means operational so that the person on the platform can be lowered safely.

Always check the condition of the emergency descent system battery before putting the lift into operation. (See point "Operating from the chassis panel").

# Notes

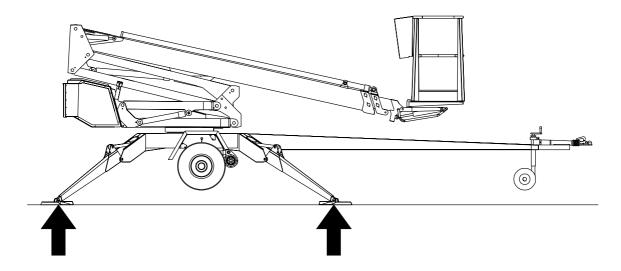
### 11 START-UP

### 1. Ground stability

- make sure that the ground is even and hard enough to support the lift in a steady level position

Soil material	Density	Max. ground pressure P kg/cm²
Gravel	High density	6
	Medium density	4
	Loose	2
Sand	High density	5
	Medium density	3
	Loose	1,5
Fine sand	High density	4
	Medium density	2
	Loose	1
Sand/ mud	High density (very hard to work)	1,00
	Medium density (hard to work)	0,50
	Loose (easily worked)	0,25

- if the ground is soft, use sufficiently large and sturdy additional plates under the support outriggers



- observe the effect of ice, possible rain and inclination of the surface on the support (the support outriggers must not slip on the surface)
- the operation is prohibited if the lift is not properly supported and in a level position

### 2. Drive or push the lift to the inspected lifting site

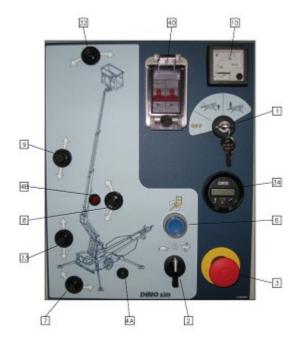
- apply the parking brake
- disconnect the lift from the towing vehicle

### 3. Connection of power supply to the lift

Switch on the current using the mains switch



- 4. To access the operating controls open the cover behing the power unit
- 5. Turn the selector switch (1) to position 1b chassis panel



### 6. Start the engine with button 2 (green)

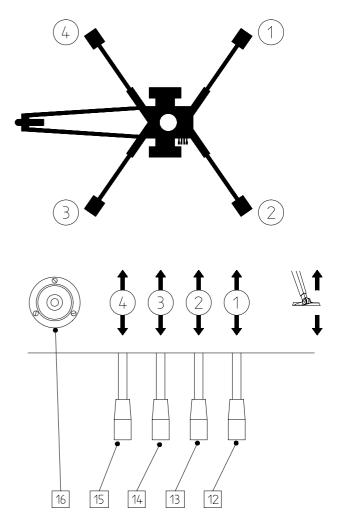
If you wish to operate the support outriggers, start the motor by pushing the green button on the battery housing on the right-hand side. The motor will run only as long as the button is kept depressed. The motor starts and stops automatically whenever the boom system or the driving device is being operated.



- 7. Lower the front support outriggers (on the tow-bar side)
- 8. Lower the rear support outriggers (do not damage the tow-bar jockey wheel)
- 9. Level the chassis with the outriggers with the help of the level gauge(16). The air bubble must be located inside the inner ring.

# MAKE SURE THAT THE WHEELS ARE CLEARLY OFF THE GROUND

- the (green) signal light 4A on the chassis control panel comes on when all outriggers are in the lower position and the outrigger limit switch circuit is connected
- make sure all outriggers are firmly supported on the ground

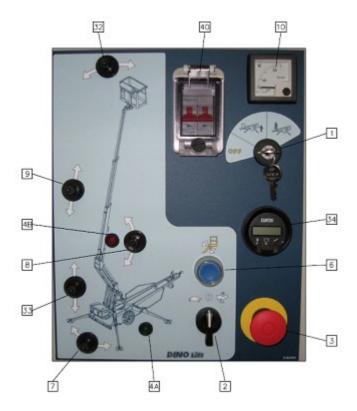


### 11.1 OPERATING THE LIFT FROM THE CHASSIS PANEL

### 10. Turn the selector switch (1) to position 1b – chassis panel

- now you are able to operate the boom with levers 7, 8, 9, 33 and the platform with lever 32 from the chassis panel

Simultaneously turn the dead-man-switch (2) to select the speed.



- test the operation of the emergency descent system as follows:
- 1. Lift the boom about 1–2 metres (using lever 8) and extend the telescope 1–2 metres (using lever 9) keeping the emergency stop button depressed. The movement shall now stop.
- 2. Open the emergency descent valve for the telescope by turning the selector lever clockwise and retract the telescope completely by pumping with the hand pump. The crank for the hand pump is located at the side of the chassis control panel.
- 3. Open the emergency descent valve for the boom by turning the selector lever counter-clockwise and lower the boom using the hand pump simultaneously keeping the pushbutton at the end of the valve 5B depressed.
- 4. Close the emergency descent valve by turning the selector lever to its centre position.
- 5. Pull up the emergency stop button.

### DO NOT DAMAGE THE TOW-BAR JOCKEY WHEEL!

The boom movements are noticeably slower when the emergency descent system is used.

Lock the selector switch (1) in position 1a – in the chassis contol panel, before working under the boom.

Make sure that neither people nor load are on the platform.



### 11.2 OPERATING THE LIFT FROM THE PLATFORM PANEL

# 11. Turn the selector switch (1) to position 1c – in the platform panel, and take away the key

Do not lock the chassis control panel cover with the key.

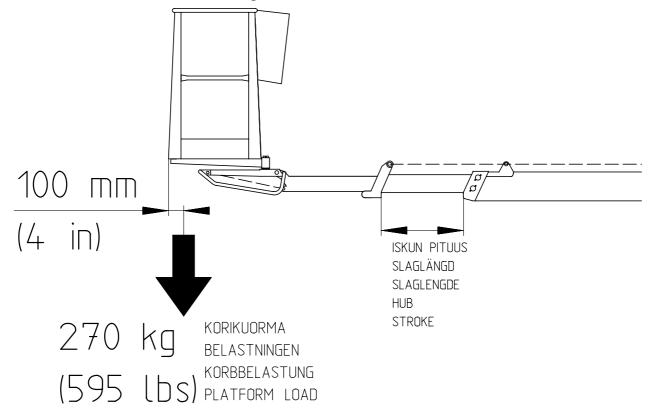
- now you can operate the boom with lever 17 on the platform control panel Start by pushing the rocker switch at the end of the control lever and then move the lever carefully in the desired direction of motion. If you move the lever before pushing the rocker switch, the action is deterred. The motor starts and stops automatically, as the movement is activated.
- Whenever possible, keep the boom short while lifting and lowering the platform.

### DO NOT DAMAGE THE TOW-BAR JOCKEY WHEEL!

The movement speed of the platform can be continually adjusted with the lever (17).

### 12. Test the operation of the overload limit switch RK4

- platform load about 270 kg
- drive the boom to a horizontal position



- extend the telescope

As the movement stops the red overload light (18) must light up.

- compare the outreach with the reach diagram in the manual.

### 12A. Measures to be taken after overloading has occurred

- (The overload limit switch RK5 switches off the electric circuit of the operating controls and switches on the buzzer on the platform)
- retract the platform to inside the operating range of the RK4 by pushing the "telescope in" -button (31 or 36) (the green light lights up)
- after this the lift may be operated normally
- "Telescope in" pushbutton (2 or 3) automatically starts the electric motor.

### **WARNING!**

Do not add load (e.g. another person) onto the platform while the red overload light (18) is lit.

Example: A person, who is working alone on the platform, extends the telescope, or an empty platform is driven from the chassis control panel to the maximum reach keeping it close to the ground. If the overload signal light now lights up, the telescope must be retracted before loading the platform further.

# IF THE SAFETY DEVICES OR THE EMERGENCY DESCENT SYSTEM ARE NOT WORKING, HAVE THEM REPAIRED BEFORE OPERATING THE LIFT!

13. Refer to the item "Daily inspections" in the task list for servicing.

- 14. With the boom slightly lifted and the telescope extended, make sure that the platform does not lower of itself while the operating controls are not being used
- 15. When working under cold weather conditions, let the engine run for a while without load to increase the hydraulic oil temperature. Start the operations by driving the movements carefully without load back and forth from the chassis control panel.

### 16. Move the platform to the work object

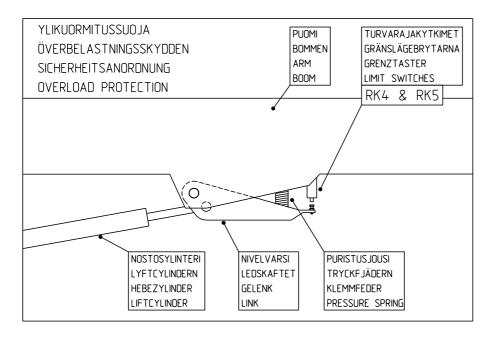
The platform movements can be operated with continually adjustable speed from the platform control panel (not from the chassis control panel). Only one movement can be operated at a time. If several control levers are operated simultaneously, only the movement with the least resistance will operate.

### NOTE!

Lowering the platform to transport position: Always before lowering the boom onto the transport support, retract the telescope completely and turn the platform perpendicular to the boom.

# DO NOT DAMAGE THE TOW-BAR JOCKEY WHEEL! DO NOT TAKE ADDITIONAL LOAD IN THE UPPER POSITION!

### 17. Observe when lifting the platform



- the operating range of the platform depends on the load (see Technical Data) and is monitored by the safety limit switches RK4 and RK5, which are located under the protecting cover

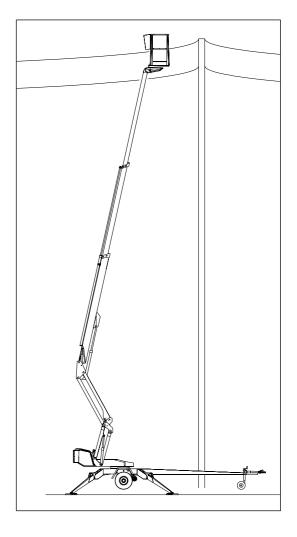
The limit switches must not be adjusted or modified. The inspection and adjustment may only be carried out by an authorized serviceman.

### 18. Working a long time in the same position

- when the weather is cold, let the engine run once in a while to keep the hydraulic oil warm
- check the stability and condition of the base regularly during the operation, taking into account the weather and ground conditions

# 19. When moving the platform, remember the following

- be careful of the high voltage power lines
- do not exceed the max. allowed lateral force (400N)
- do not touch open electric wires
- do not throw objects from the platform
- do not damage the lift
- do not take additional load in the upper position
- do not damage other devices
- do not load the platform vertically more than what is allowed

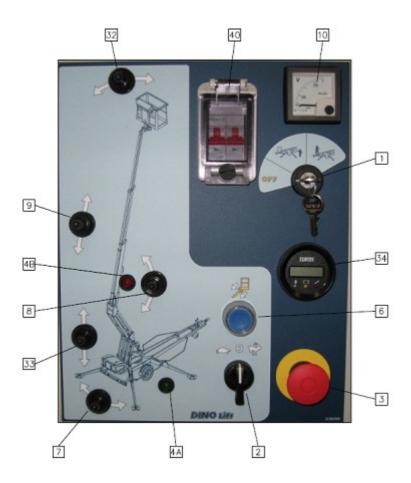


### 20. When leaving the lift

- drive the lift to a safe position, preferably to the transport position
- switch off the power unit
- prevent unauthorized use of the lift by locking the control centre cover

### 21. Adjustment of the platform position

### From the chassis control centre (LCB)



The position of the platform may be adjusted from the chassis control panel in the following way:

- turn the selector switch (1) to position 1b chassis panel
- select the correction movement direction with the control lever (32)
- simultaneously turn the dead-man-switch (2) to select the speed.

During levelling of the platform the lift must stand in a horizontal position supported on the ground (the outriggers lowered).

### From the platform (UCB):



The position of the platform may be adjusted from the platform control panel in the following way:

- turn the selector switch (1) to position 1c platform panel
- press the selector button (35) for platform levelling
- select the correction movement direction with the control lever (36)

During levelling of the platform the lift must stand in a horizontal position supported on the ground (the outriggers lowered).

### 12 EMERGENCY DESCENT SYSTEM

### **Operation:**

The lift is equipped with an emergency descent system with a manually operated pump. Seen from the lower control centre, it is located behind the side cover on the right-hand side. The operating lever for the pump is fixed on the inside of the cover.

### 1. Retracting the telescope

Open the emergency descent valve for the telescope by turning the selector lever clockwise and retract the telescope completely by pumping with the hand pump.

### 2. Lowering the articulated arms

Open the emergency descent valve for the articulated arms by turning the selector lever counterclockwise and pumping with the hand pump. Simultaneously, press the pushbutton at the end of the valve 9B for LOWERING THE ARTICULATED ARMS

### 2. Lowering the boom

Open the emergency descent valve for the boom by turning the selector lever counter-clockwise and pumping with the hand pump. Simultaneously, press the pushbutton at the end of the valve 5B for LOWERING THE BOOM

### 3. Turning the boom

Open the emergency descent valve for the boom by turning the selector lever counter-clockwise and pumping with the hand pump. Press simultaneously: the pushbutton at the end of the valve 8B for TURNING THE BOOM TO THE RIGHT the pushbutton at the end of the valve 8A for TURNING THE BOOM TO THE LEFT

4. Close the emergency descent valve by turning the selector lever to its centre position.

### NOTE!

Start by retracting the telescope completely, continue by lowering the articulated arms and finally turn the boom system.

If the emergency descent system does not operate, try to warn other personnel present on the site so that the power supply required for normal operation can be resumed or the unit otherwise can be made operational by, for example, changing the battery.

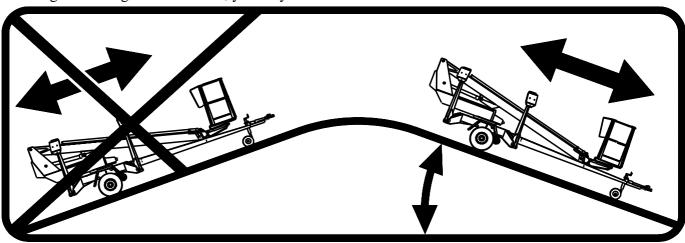
Always check the condition of the emergency descent system before putting the lift into operation. (See point "Emergency descent system").



### 13 DRIVING DEVICE

The hydraulic driving device is intended for moving the lift within the work area if the towing vehicle cannot be used.

1. Do not drive downhill with the driving device if the inclination of the surface is more than 5 per cent, i.e., more than 1/20 (corresponding to a descent of 0.5 m over a distance of 10 m). If the surface gradient is greater than this, you may lose control of the device.



- 2. When driving on a slope, the tow-bar must always point towards the descent. Never drive with the driving device with the tow-bar pointing towards the ascent.
- 3. Always place chocks under the wheels before disconnecting the device from the towing vehicle.
- 4. Always apply the handbrake before disconnecting the device from the towing vehicle. Only use the handbrake as a parking brake or for emergency stopping.
- 5. Never leave the lift on a slope being supported only by the self-braking action of the driving device.
- 6. When transferring the lift using the driving device:
  - take care not to allow the wheel to roll over your foot
  - look out for sudden sideways movements of the tow-bar
  - be careful not to cause danger to other people and the environment
- 7. Do not move the device on a slope using only hand-power. You may lose control over it and cause an injury.
- 8. Never park a vehicle combination on a slope.

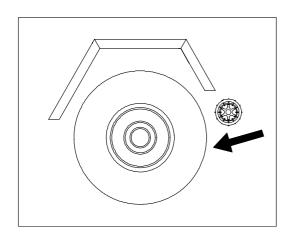
# 14 DRIVING DEVICE

The hydraulic driving device is intended for moving the lift within the work area if the towing vehicle cannot be used.

- turn the selector switch 1 outriggers to position (1b – chassis panel)



- make sure that the platform is in the transport position and the outriggers are in the upper position
- switch the driving device to drive position



- release the parking brake

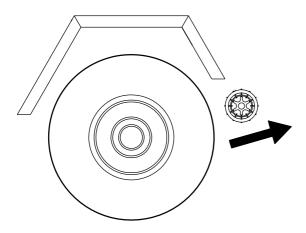
# 14.1 OPERATING CONTROLS OF DRIVE SYSTEM

S44 Emergency stop

S40 ForwardS41 Backward

S40/S41 + S42 drive to the right S40/S41 + S43 drive to the left

- do not drive the jockey wheel into obstacles or potholes
- after the driving apply the parking brake
- switch off the transmission





## NOTE!

Be careful not to damage the jockey wheel tube by extending it too much.

As the lift is moved with the driving device, the suitable length for the jockey wheel stem can be achieved by adjusting the gap between the lower surface of the tow-bar/brake rod and the wheel to 1 - 3 cm. Thus the wheel can turn freely.

## 15 SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR WINTER USE

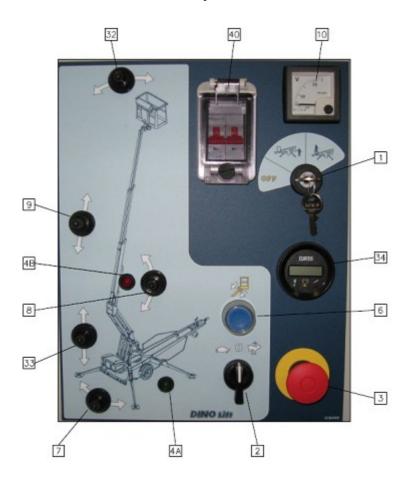
- the lowest allowed operating temperature of the lift is -20  $^{\circ}$ C.
- if the temperature is below zero, let the power unit run for a few minutes before starting the movements
- start with a few movements to warm-up oil in the cylinders and to ensure proper operation of the valves
- check that the limit switches and the emergency descent devices are operational and clean (from dirt, snow, ice, etc.)
- protect the control panel and the platform from snow and ice whenever they are not in use
- ensure that the batteries are charged, flat batteries freeze easily

ALWAYS KEEP THE LIFT FREE FROM DIRT, SNOW ETC.

## 16 MEASURES TO BE TAKEN AT THE END OF THE WORKING DAY

- 1. Retract the telescope boom completely.
- 2. Check that the platform is perpendicular to the boom.
- 3. Lower the boom/platform onto the support on the tow-bar.
  - the limit switch on the transport support prevents operation of the support outriggers if the platform is not down
- 4. Close the cover on the platform control panel.
- 5. Turn the selector switch to position 0 and turn off the mains switch.
- 6. If you want to charge the battery, connect the mains cable.
- 7. Make sure that the covers are locked.

With respect to the operation and durability of the batteries, it is beneficial to connect them for recharging at the end of each workday, irrespective of their remaining level of charge. Keeping the batteries in storage without charging them first shortens their service life and flat batteries also freeze easily.



## 17 PREPARING THE LIFT FOR TRANSPORT

- 1. Retract the telescope boom completely.
- 2. Check that the platform is perpendicular to the boom.
- 3. Lower the boom/platform onto the support on the tow-bar.
  - the limit switch on the transport support prevents operation of the support outriggers if the platform is not down
- 4. Close the cover on the platform control panel.
- 5. Turn the selector switch to position (1b chassis panel), "outriggers".
- 6. Lift the support outriggers.
  - at first the rear support outriggers (do not damage the rear lights)
  - then the front support outriggers (do not damage the jockey wheel)
- 7. Apply the parking brake.
- 8. Make sure that the driving device is disconnected.
- 9. Turn the selector switch to position 0 and disconnect the lift from the power supply.
- 10. Make sure that the covers are locked.



#### 18 CONNECTION TO THE TOWING VEHICLE

- 1. Lift up and push forward the ball-coupling handle (in the driving direction). Now the ball-coupling is released.
- 2. Press the ball-coupling onto the towball using only a little force. The connection and locking take place automatically.

# NOTE! ALWAYS MAKE SURE AFTER THE CONNECTION THAT THE BALL-COUPLING IS PROPERLY LOCKED!

Clean and lubricate the ball-coupling regularly.

- 3. Connect the emergency stop wires and light plug to the vehicle. Check the cable for chafing and proper operation of the wires.
- 4. Check the operation of the lights.
- 5. Carefully release the parking brake and make sure that its locking is in order and that its handle stays in the lower position.
- 6. Lift up the jockey wheel to the transport position.

#### NO LOAD ALLOWED ON THE PLATFORM DURING TOWING OF THE LIFT!

In particular, if you are parking or disconnecting the lift from the towing vehicle on a slope, apply the parking brake as firmly as possible. After having applied the parking brake, push the lift backward to make the reverse automatics release the brake shoes. The spring cylinder pulls the parking brake tighter. Thus the brakes of the vehicle are again properly on.

Adjust the brakes according to the service instructions.

Place chocks under the wheels as an additional precaution.

If you leave the lift standing for a longer period of time, for example over the winter, we recommend propping it up to release any load from the wheels.

#### NOTE!

- Check
  - transport position of the outriggers
  - locking of the ball-coupling
  - operation of the lights
  - parking brake
  - condition and pressure of the tyres

rear axle.
 jockey wheel
 450 kPa (4.5 bar)
 250 kPa (2.5 bar)

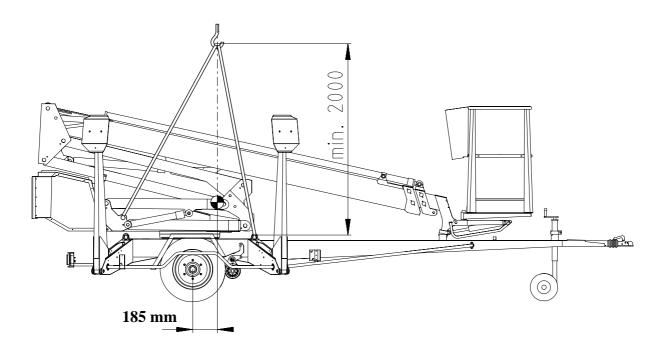
- safety wires
- locking of the brakes after transportation
- attachment of the jockey wheel
- that the driving device is disconnected from the wheel

## 19 INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

#### 19.1 GENERAL SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

- carry out the servicing and inspection of the lift in accordance with the instructions
- when it comes to more demanding repair works turn to a specialist or contact the distributor or the manufacturer of the lift
- do not modify the lift without written consent from the manufacturer
- any such faults which may affect the operational safety of the unit must be repaired before the lift is next used
- do not let oil spill on the ground
- keep the lift clean, especially the platform
- clean up the lift before service and inspection
- use genuine spare parts
- support the platform, boom system, articulated arms and support outriggers in a position in which the load does not rest on the structure under repair or cause any other danger (e.g. transport position or use of supporting structures)
- the device may be lifted with two slings, each with a load-carrying capacity of at least 2,000 kg or slinging at the four lugs (see picture)

Be careful not to damage the device during the lifting!



#### 19.2 MAINTENANCE OF THE BATTERIES

Note! Remember, when you handle the batteries:

The electrolyte is very corrosive - always use protective clothing and eye protectors During charging the batteries hydrogen gas is generated - do not light open fire, danger of explosion

Always keep the batteries well charged

- Keeping batteries discharged is extremely harmful. Modern chargers do not charge batteries excessively.
- Make sure the user is aware that the batteries must be plugged in for charging every night, although they were not totally flat.
- Plug in a rental machine for charging over night immediately after it is returned.

#### Do not allow the batteries to freeze

- A fully charged battery stands out for frost, a flat battery does not.
- Make sure the batteries are charged, if they are kept outdoors in the winter.



1/8" = 3 mm

Make sure the level of electrolyte in the battery is correct

- Top up distilled water only after the charging is finished. Correct level of the electrolyte is 3 mm below the edge of the mark.
  - If the level is too high, the liquid will spume out from the plugs during charging.
  - If the level is too low, the upper edges of the elements will corrode.
- If the level of the electrolyte is so low, that the tops of the elements are not submerged, top up water as much as is required to cover the elements. After that, charge the batteries and recheck the electrolyte level after the charging is finished.
- Do not add into the battery acid, but only distilled water.

#### Check the batteries regularly

- Keep the batteries clean externally. You can wash the batteries with warm water and a brush. Make sure the plugs for the cells are closed so that washing water cannot enter the cells.
- Check the condition and attachment of the cables and the tightness of the connectors regularly.
- Check that the batteries do not show cracks or leaks.

Test the condition of the batteries regularly

- Specific weight of the liquid

1,277 = Battery 100 % charged

- Battery voltage

29.6V = Charging voltage

25.46V = Voltage of batteries that are 100 % charged. Charger disconnected,

the voltage has been stabilizing for a few hours

20.88V = voltage of 0 % charged batteries. Movements "Boom up" and

"Telescope out" impeded.

about 17 V = All movements impeded

If maintained well, the batteries will last 4-5 years of normal operation. Incorrect use shortens their service life rapidly.

#### 19.3 SERVICE AND INSPECTION INSTRUCTIONS

## 1. The first service after 20 hours of operation

- change the pressure filter element
- adjust the brakes according to the instructions (see point "Wheel brakes and bearings")
- check the the wheel bolts for tightness after about 100 km of driving (90 Nm)

#### 2. Daily service

- check the oil level in the hydraulics, top up if necessary
- check the hydraulic connections
- check the unit visually
- check the operation of the emergency descent and emergency stop functions
- check the operation of the safety devices

#### 3. Weekly service

- check level of the electrolyte in the batteries (see point "Maintenance of the batteries")
- check the tyre pressure (450 kPa, jockey wheel 250 kPa)
- lubricate the joint pins (refer to the lubrication plan)
- check the sliding surfaces of the telescope and apply silicon if necessary
- check the clearance between the slide pads and surfaces and adjust the pads if necessary
- put a load of about 270 kg onto the platform and drive the boom to level position Continue by extending the telescope until the red signal light lights up and the movement stops. Measure the stroke in accordance with the instructions and compare it with the setting of the outreach limit RK4. If the stroke exceeds the allowed value, contact the service person.

## 4. Service every six months

- change the hydraulic oil and the filter cartridge.
- check the condition of the brakes
- check the the wheel bolts for tightness (90 Nm)
- grease the gear ring of the turning device

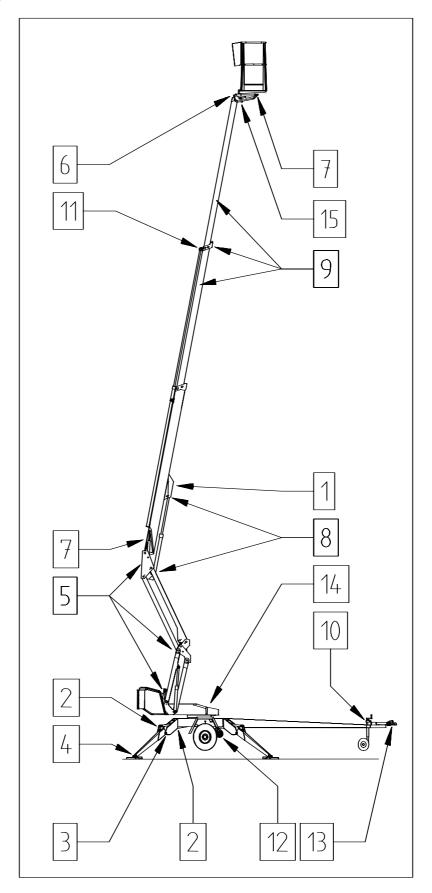
# 5. Periodic service every 12 months in accordance with the instructions for regular servicing below in this manual

IF THE LIFT IS OPERATED UNDER DEMANDING CONDITIONS (IN EXCEPTIONALLY HUMID OR DUSTY ENVIRONMENT, CORROSIVE CLIMATE, ETC.) THE INTERVALS BETWEEN THE OIL CHANGES AND THE OTHER INSPECTIONS SHALL BE SHORTENED TO MEET THE PREVAILING CONDITIONS IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN THE OPERATIONAL SAFETY AND RELIABILITY OF THE LIFT.

THE PERFORMANCE OF THE PERIODIC SERVICING AND THE INSPECTIONS IS ABSOLUTELY MANDATORY, BECAUSE THEIR NEGLIGENCE MAY IMPAIR THE OPERATIONAL SAFETY OF THE LIFT.

THE GUARANTEE WILL NOT REMAIN VALID, IF THE SERVICING AND THE PERIODIC INSPECTIONS ARE NOT PERFORMED.

# 19.4 LUBRICATION PLAN



#### **EVERY 50 HOURS**

- 1. Bearings of the safety device
- 2. Bearings of the outrigger cylinders
- 3. Bearings of the outriggers
- 4. Bearings of the outrigger foot plates
- 5. Bearings of the boom and the articulated arms
- 6. Bearings of the platform
- 7. Bearings of the levelling cylinders (except the bearing on the rod side of the upper levelling cylinder)
- 8. Bearings of the lifting cylinder
- 9. Sliding surfaces/rolls of the telescope
- 10. Jockey wheel slide and threads

#### TWICE A YEAR

- 11. Bearing of the telescope cylinder
- 12. Driving device
- 13. Overrun brake overrun
- 14. Turning device bearings\* and gear ring
- 15. Bearing on the rod side of the upper levelling cylinder

#### Lubricant Esso Beacon EP2 or equivalent

The overload protection device joint (point 1) must absolutely be lubricated regularly and always immediately after the lift has been washed.

Moving parts of the mechanism of the outrigger limit switch system must be lubricated every 50 hours.

If necessary, apply a thin grease film on moving parts of the ball-coupling.

Always lubricate the lift and apply a protective grease film immediately after the washing.

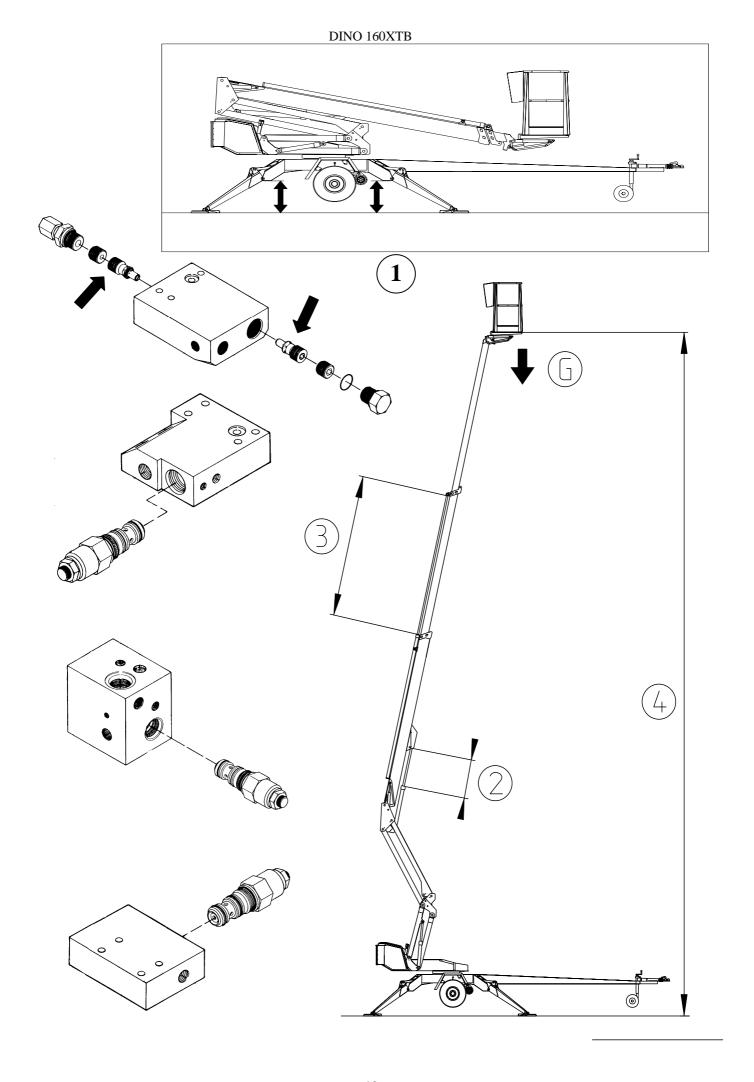
\*Remove the crescent-shaped covers from the underside of the lift in order to enable lubrication of the turning bearing nipples (4 pieces).

Lubricate the visible parts of the Flyer-chains for the boom twice a year. Use Master chain lubricant 1-4014 or equivalent.

#### 19.5 LONG-TERM STORAGE

Clean the machine carefully, lubricate it and apply protective grease to it before putting it into storage for a longer period of time (see point "Lubrication plan"). Repeat the cleaning and lubrication procedures while resuming the operation.

The periodic inspections must be executed following the steps described in the instructions.



#### 19.6 LOAD HOLDING AND LOAD REGULATION VALVES

#### **Check of operation**

- 1. To check the tightness of the outrigger cylinder load holding valves measure the height position of the chassis from the floor separately at each outrigger. After a few minutes, measure the height again.
- 2. To check the tightness of the load regulation valves on the boom cylinder and the cylinders of the articulated arms drive the boom to a position in which its movement can be reliably measured. Observe the possible movement of the boom in a few minute's time.
- 3. To check the tightness of the load regulation valve on the telescope cylinder extend the telescope and stop the movement at any position, measure the stroke and observe in a few minutes time that the stroke does not change. (Note! Drive the boom to an almost vertical position).
- 4. To check the tightness of the load regulation valve on the platform levelling system, put a load of 100 200 kg on the platform and measure the distance from the rear edge of the platform to the floor. Observe for a few minutes that its height position does not change.

#### **Service instructions**

- 1. Disconnect and clean the valve
- 2. Check the O-rings and replace, if necessary
- 3. Put the valves carefully in place
- 4. Replace the valve, if necessary
- 5. Do not change the settings of the valves

Support the platform, boom system and outriggers in a position, in which the load does not rest on the repaired structure. Make sure to relieve the residual pressure from the cylinders.

## 19.7 WHEEL BRAKES AND BEARINGS

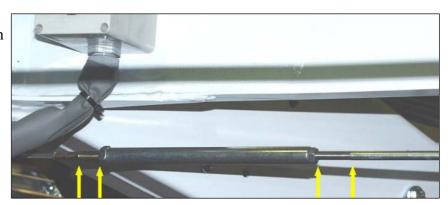
## Adjustment of the brakes

Jack up the lift until the wheels rise off the ground and support it in this position.

Make sure that the wheels can rotate freely.

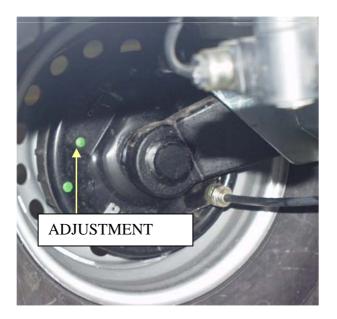
The brake rods must be slack (with the handbrake released).

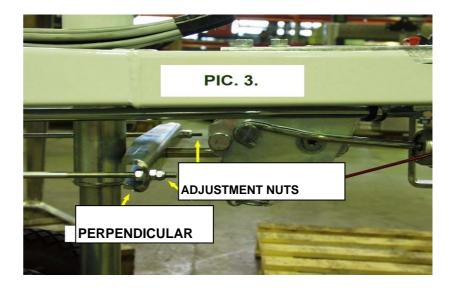
Check the attachment of the brake rods.



Turn the adjustment wheel behind the hole shown by the arrow until the wheel can no longer be turned by hand.

Turn the bolt counter-clockwise until the wheel may be turned freely.





Adjust the braking force with the nuts keeping the brake balancer perpendicular to the tow-bar so that both wheels will brake.

Tightening the brake system too much causes overheating of the brakes during transportation and increases the required towing force.

We recommend performing a braking test after the adjustment. Check the flawless operation by braking 2 - 3 times in the course of the test run.

## Adjustment of the bearing clearance

The wheel bearings are lubricated for life and do not require any service. (The bearings do not require any lubrication and they cannot be adjusted)

#### **Service intervals**

500 km (running in)

5,000 km adjustment of the brakes, lubrication of the moving parts of the

overrun

13000 - 15,000 km or every six months:

a) check the brake linings for wear

b) check the operation of the overrun brake

c) lubricate the sliding parts of the overrun brake

The service-life of the double row angular contact compact bearings is long and they are maintenance-free. Therefore, the bearings very rarely break under normal operating conditions. If a bearing failure, due to exceptional operating conditions, occurs, replace the entire brake drum assembly with the pressed-in bearings and locking nut.

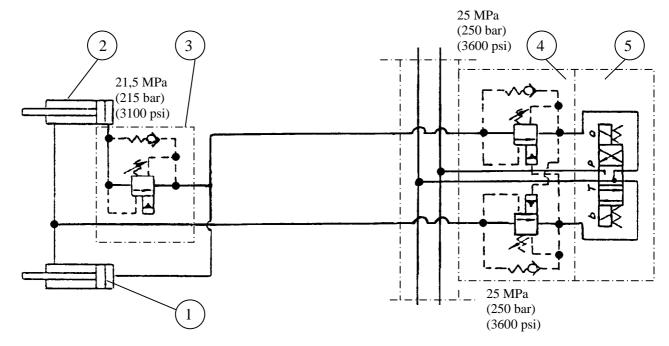
#### NOTE!

Assign a specialized workshop for the work.

Turn the wheels at least once every 3 months to keep the lubricating film intact.

#### 19.8 LEVELLING SYSTEM OF THE PLATFORM

- A so-called Slave Cylinder System is applied for levelling of the platform:
- the slave cylinder under the platform is controlled by a master cylinder
- the platform keeps its level position only if the valves in the system are tight
- the levelling system comprises the following parts:



- 1. Master cylinder
- 2. Slave cylinder
- 3. Load regulation valve
- 4. Double load regulation valve
- 5. Electric directional valve
- If the platform, viewed by the operator, drifts forwards, the reason can be:
- 1) a leak in the slave cylinder double load regulation valve (on the piston rod side) in the direction of the electric directional valve (which is not tight)
- 2) an internal leakage in the cylinder
- If the platform, viewed by the operator, drifts backwards, the reason can be:
- 1) a leak in the load regulation valve (4) on the piston (bottom) side of the slave cylinder in the direction of the electric directional valve (5) (which is not tight)
- 2) an internal leakage in the cylinder

The leak will cause drifting of the platform until the load regulation valve (3) under the platform id closed. The closing is caused by dropping of the pressure on the piston rod side to the opening ratio, which is 5:1

If the valves are not tight, refer to the service instructions in the chapter "load holding and load regulation valves"

#### **Settings of the load regulation valves:**

- the opening pressure of the double load regulation valves (4) is 25 MPa (250 bar)
- the opening pressure of the load regulation valve (3) under the platform is 21.5 MPa (215 bar)

Do not change the preset values.

#### 19.9 REGULAR SERVICING

The lift shall be serviced regularly at intervals of 11 - 12 month.

Under demanding conditions where moist, corrosive substances or corrosive climate may speed up the deterioration of the structure and induce malfunctions, the inspection must be performed more often and the influence of corrosion and malfunctions must be reduced by using appropriate protective means.

Only technical specialists who are familiar with the structure and the operation of the lift are allowed to maintain the lift.

We recommend turning to the service staff of the dealer.

#### SCHEDULE FOR REGULAR SERVICING

## 1. Clean the lift thoroughly before the service

The hydraulic and electric appliances must not be dismantled if they are not clean. Any contaminants in the system may cause malfunctions later on. Wash the lift externally.

#### NOTE!

Be careful not to direct the high pressure water jet straight to the electric appliances, such as the control panels on the chassis and on the platform, relays, solenoid valves and limit switches.

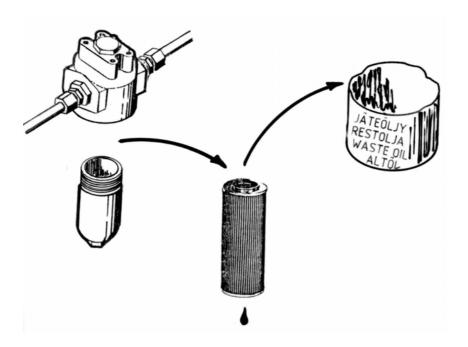
- use pressure air to dry the electric devices, hydraulic connectors etc.before opening them
- apply appropriate moisture repellent to the electric appliances after the drying
- always protect the piston rods with e.g. CRC3-36 anti-corrosive agent after washing with a solvent

#### **REMEMBER CLEANLINESS!**

# 2. Change the hydraulic oil and replace the filter

(protect your skin against the hydraulic oil)

- remove the plug and drain the oil tank with the cylinders of the lift completely retracted
- clean and rinse the oil tank with suitable agent
- replace the pressure filter



- install the drain plug
- refill the tank with fresh oil, the volume required for change is about 20 litres (factory filling **Mobil EAL 32**)

The viscosity class of the hydraulic oil must be **ISO VG32** or **ISO VG15** and the oil must meet the requirements according to DIN 51524- HLP. Material Safety Sheet EXXON MOBIL n:o 581017-60.

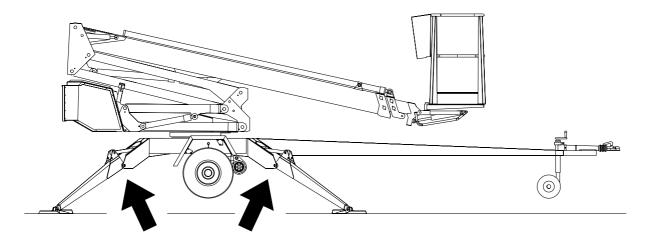
- never mix different oil sorts
- if required, top up hydraulic oil to the level with the upper edge of the level eye while the lift is in the transport position.

## 3. Check the hydraulic hoses and pipes

Replace any externally damaged hoses or clashed pipes. Check the connections.

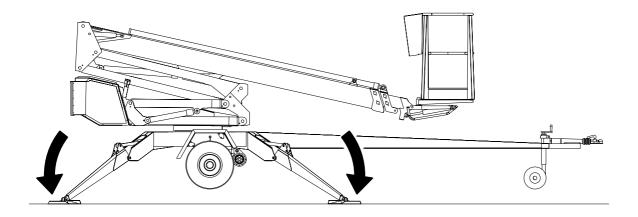
## 4. Inspect joints of the support outrigger

- lower the outriggers slightly
- swing the outriggers back and forth in the horizontal plane and check the joints for play



- check the operation and condition of the limit switch mechanisms on the outriggers
- replace any worn out parts
- lubricate the joints (refer to the lubrication plan)

Lower the outriggers to support position.

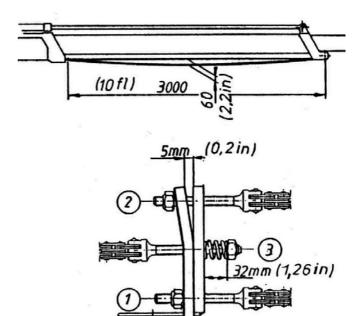


## 5. Inspect the cylinders, and lubricate the joint bearings (refer to the lubrication plan).

- drive the lift cylinder to its upper position from the chassis control panel and inspect the condition of the piston rod and tightness of the connections
- drive the lift cylinder to its lower position from the chassis control panel and inspect the connections for tightness
- retract and extend the telescope cylinder from the chassis control panel and inspect the condition and tightness of the cylinder
- lubricate the joints of the lifting, telescope and levelling cylinders
- extend the articulated arm cylinders from the lower control panel and inspect their condition and tightness
- inspect the outrigger cylinders and lubricate their joints

#### 6. Inspection of the boom and the chassis

- extend the telescope and inspect the platform and its attachment and the boom
- inspect the boom joints and play of the sliding pads, readjust if necessary. Lubricate the sliding surfaces
- check the condition, locking and adjustment of the Flyer-chain
- secure the attachment to the boom of the unloaded flyer-chain by pulling the chain by hand with the boom fully extended



3mm (0,12in)

- inspect the turning device and its attachment, lubricate the turning bearing and the gear ring

Remove the crescent-shaped covers from the underside of the lift in order to enable lubrication of the turning bearing nipples (4 pieces).

**NOTE!** Excess grease pressure may press out the turning bearing seal.

- check the turning bearing play
  Max. allowed axial play is about 1 mm.
- check the attachment bolts of the turning device for tightness: 280 Nm (M16) 150 Nm (M12)

If you have to turn open or tighten the attachment bolts, do not forget to use bonding adhesive (tighten crosswise)

- check the chassis and the welded seams on it; especially around the turning device and attachment points of the outriggers
- inspect the outriggers.
- check the tow-bar, in particular its attachment to the chassis
- lubricate the bearings of the boom and outrigger joints

## 7. Check the overrun

- attachment of the overrun
- clearance
- condition of the towball-coupling
- condition of the locking device
- check that the overrun brake mechanism moves freely

## 8. Inspection of the axle and suspension

- check the attachment of the axles
- check condition of the rubber absorbers and torsion arms.

## 9. Inspection of the safety devices

- check the attachment and the external condition of the limit switches

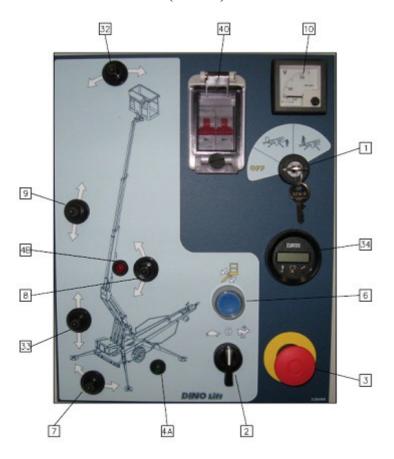




- from the tow-bar (transport position of the platform, RK3)
- safety device (RK4 and RK5)
- support outriggers (RK11, RK12, RK13 and RK14)
- boom (RK7 and RK8)

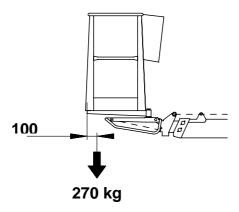
# 10. Operation of the safety devices while they are controlled from the chassis control panel

- lift the platform slightly up from the transport position
- the outriggers must not operate in any position of the selector switch
- lift the boom and test the following:
  - 1. emergency stop (3)
  - 2. telescope in (6)
  - 3. boom down (5 and 8)

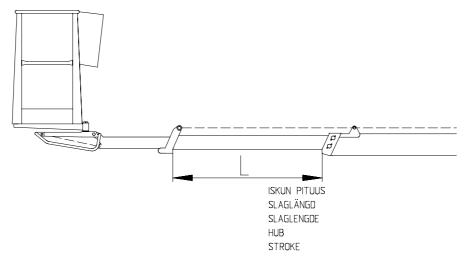


- bring the boom to the transport position and lift the outriggers with the driving device connected.
- the boom must not operate in any position of the selector switch
- disconnect the driving device and lower the outriggers (bring the lift to a level position)

- put a load of about 270 kg onto the platform



- lift the boom and extend the telescope The movement stops as soon as the red outreach limit signal light lights up (at max. outreach).

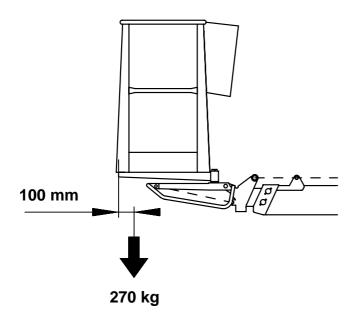


## Now:

- the lifting of the boom should be operational the lowering of the boom must NOT be operational
- the retraction of the telescope should be operational the extension of the telescope must NOT be operational

#### 19.9.1 TESTING THE LOAD LIMIT SWITCHES RK4 AND RK 5

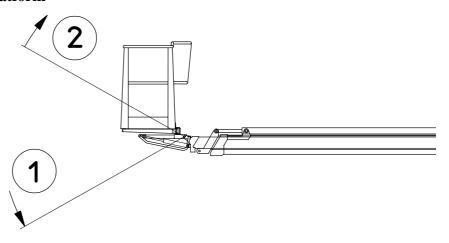
Put a carefully weighed load (270 kg) on the platform. Place it at a distance of 100 mm from the rear edge of the platform.



Drive the boom to a horizontal position from the chassis control panel.

Lift and lower the rear edge of the platform using the position control.

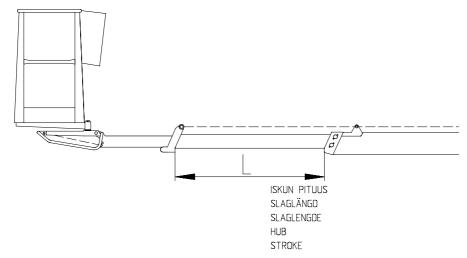
- 1. Lowering the rear edge of the platform
- 2. Lifting the rear edge of the platform



Drive the platform with the position control to a horizontal position so that that the last stage of the adjustment procedure is lifting of the rear edge.

## Adjustment method I:

Extend the telescope until it stops. (Do not correct the position of the platform).



Measure the length of the protruding part of the telescope extension (L). The length shall be  $2,000 \text{ mm} \pm 50 \text{ mm}$ .

Make sure that a red signal light on the platform is lit.

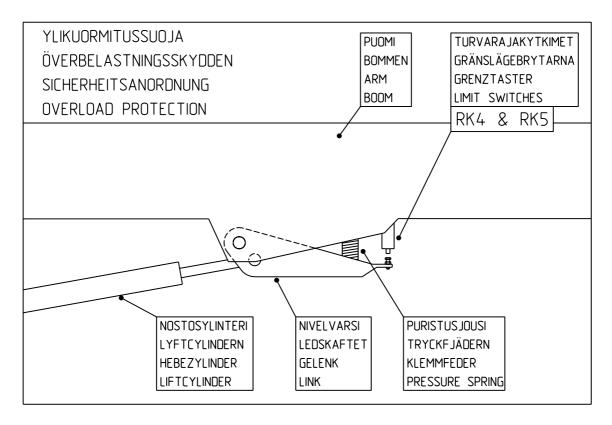
- the second safety limit switch (RK5) backs up if the first switch outreach limit switch (RK4) fails
- disable the RK4 by connecting the point 23 of the relay SR4 and the point 14 of the relay SR3 in the lower control centre (LCB) for measuring using a jump lead Also connect a conductor between the terminals X1 and X2 of the relay SR3.
- retract and extend the boom and measure the length of the telescope extension's protruding part The length shall be  $2,250 \text{ mm} \pm 50 \text{ mm}$ .



- if the protruding part is too long, adjust the limit switches and secure their position with a seal

NOTE! Remember to resume the operation of the RK4 by re-connecting the conductors and removing the jumper leads.

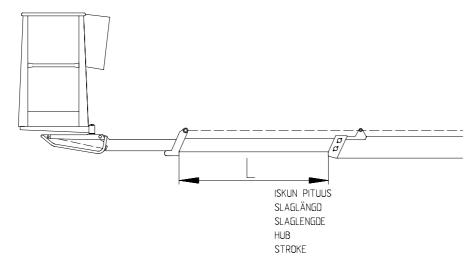
#### 19.9.2 ADJUSTMENT OF THE OVERLOAD LIMIT SWITCHES



Always check the operation of both limit switches in connection with the service.

## Adjustment method II

- make sure that the RK5 with certainty will trip before the RK4 by adjusting the RK4
- extend the boom and measure the length of one protruding part of the telescope extension (stroke)

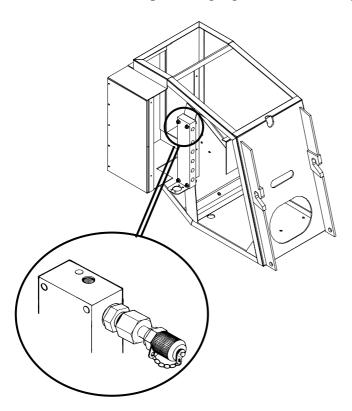


- the measure shall be 2,250 mm  $\pm 50$  mm.
- tighten the locking of the adjustment screw and check once more the settings

- set RK4 to trip earlier than RK5
- extend the boom and measure the stroke
- the measure shall be 2,000 mm  $\pm 50$  mm.
- tighten the locking of the adjustment screw and check once more the settings
- apply a safety wire to the adjustment screws in such a manner that it will not be possible to unscrew the screws away from the limit switches
- apply a seal on the wire
- put the cover in place

## 11. Measuring the pressure

- connect the pressure gauge to the measuring point



- the max. pressure of the warm  $(40 60 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$  oil is 21 -21.5 MPa  $(210 215 \,\text{bar})$
- the turning pressure is 6 MPa (60 bar)
- if you have to readjust the pressure, secure the new setting with a seal



## 12. Check the operating controls on the platform

- check the overall condition of the electric appliances inside the box and spray with moisture repellent, if necessary
- check the cables and the tightness of the cable clamps
- test the sound signal (23) and the emergency descent (22)
- test all movements
- test the operation of the overload limit switches before lifting the boom

## 13. Warning stickers and adhesive tapes

- make sure all warning stickers and adhesive tapes are legible, replace if necessary

#### 14. Inspect the brakes and the driving device

- remove the wheels
- clean the brake system and check the settings
- check the free movement of the brake shoes the operation of their return springs
- replace any worn out linings
- check the condition of the driving device and lubricate the joints
- put the wheels in place and tighten the wheel bolts Re-check the tightness of the wheel bolts after about 100 km drive (325 Nm).
- check the tyre pressure: 450 kPa (4.5 bar) on the rear axle 250 kPa (2.5 bar) on the jockey wheel
- check the free movement of the overrun brake and the parking brake
- check the safety wires
- 15. Check the condition of the lights and the reflectors
- 16. Repeat the anti-corrosion treatment using e.g. Tectyl 210R anti-corrosion agent
- 17. Test-run with a load of 270 kg following the loading instructions. Check the structures after the test-run
- 18. Draw up a test protocol, save your own copy and give the other copy to the customer

## 20 INSPECTION INSTRUCTIONS

All lifting equipment and lifting gear used at a construction site must always be inspected before use. The lifts and related lifting gear used on a work site shall be subjected to a regular maintenance inspection; if possible once a week.

Keep a journal of any notable shortcomings and defects observed and advise the foreman of them.

## 20.1 FIRST INSPECTION

The initial inspection and test loading of the Dino access platforms is performed by the manufacturer. A protocol which accompanies the lift is drawn up of the inspection.

## 20.1.1 Sample of inspection protocol for the access platform

DIN	O L		EST CERTIFIC	ATE	DATE	<u> </u>					
www.dinoilft.com											
START-UP TES	TS:										
Inspection place	: Dinolift Oy			Inspec	ctor's signature:	Table 1 to Mandau					
						Schmidt Florian	NT0578				
BASIC KNOWLEDGE											
Manufacturer:	Dinolift OY			Place of ma	anufacture:	Finland					
Address:	Raikkolanti	ie 145									
	32210 LOIN	MAA									
Importer:											
Type of lift:	☑ Boom platfo	rm	Scissor platf	orm	☐ Mast plat	form					
Chassis:	Car		Self propelle	f Trailer		ounted					
Boom:	Articulated b	boom	Telescope b	oom	✓ Articulate	☑ Articulated telescope boom					
	Scissor		Fixed mast		Telescop	e mast					
Outriggers:	✓ Hydraulic tu	ming	Hydraulic pu	shing	hing Mechani						
TECHNICAL SP	ECIFICATION	NS									
Machine and type: DINO 160XTB Max. platform height 14 m											
macinine and typ	ie.	DINO 160X II	В	Max. platio	rm neignt	14 111					
Number of manu		YGC D160XT			rm neignt ach: depend on		Depend on load				
	ufacture				-		Depend on load				
Number of manu	ufacture cture	YGC D160XT			ach: depend on						
Number of manu Year of manufac	ufacture cture acity:	YGC D160XT		Max. outrea	ach: depend on	load: [					
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa	ufacture cture city: mber:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg		Max. outrea	ach: depend on ion: dth:	load: [					
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa Max. person nur	ufacture cture city: mber:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2		Max. outrea Boom rotati Support wid	ach: depend on ion: dth: width:	Continuous					
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional l	ufacture eture ecity: mber: load:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg		Max. outrea Boom rotati Support wid Transport w	ach: depend on ion: dth: width: ength:	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m					
Number of manu Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply:	ufacture eture ecity: mber: load:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC		Max. outrea Boom rotati Support wid Transport w	ach: depend on ion: ith: vidth: ength:	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m					
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal	ufacture eture nocity: mber: load: ture:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg		Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport le Transport h Basket size	ach: depend on ion: dth: evidth: ength: neight:	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m					
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight:	ufacture eture nocity: mber: load: ture:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	1 9 0 0167 andards N = d	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport le Transport h Basket size	ach: depend on ion: dth: evidth: ength: neight:	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m					
Number of manu Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points	ufacture eture locity: load: load: ture:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	ndards N = d	Boom rotati Support wid Transport is Transport is Basket size o not meet si N 6. Plat	ach: depend on ion: ith: width: ength: eight: tandards)	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m	Y N ☑ □				
Number of manu Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points	ufacture eture noity: mber: load: ture:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	1 9 0 0167 andards N = d	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si N 6. Plat	ach: depend on ion: ith: width: ength: eight: :: tandards)	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m	Y N				
Number of manual Year of manual Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points  A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of section of	ufacture eture noity: mber: load: ture:	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si  N 6. Plat 7. Safe	ach: depend on ion: ith: vidth: ength: itandards) ite for supports ety colours	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m	Y N				
Number of manu Year of manufac Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of I	ufacture eture dicity: mber: doad: ture:  s: material strength	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si N 6. Plat 7. Safe D. SAf	ach: depend on ion: idth: width: ength: ieight: itandards) ie for supports ety colours FETY REQUIRI cating device fo	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m	Y N ☑ □				
Number of manual Year of manual Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of s 2. Certificate of s B. STABILITY	ufacture eture ecture moter: load: ture:  strength stability test	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si N 6. Plat 7. Safe 1. Indi 1. posi 2. Loci	ach: depend on ion: idth: width: ength: eight: tandards) te for supports ety colours FETY REQUIRE cating device fo ition king device and	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m	Y N   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -				
Number of manual Year of manual Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight:  Inspection points  A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of services	ufacture ecture ecture ecture ecture ecture: enber: eload: ture:  structure: ecture: ecture e	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg (Y = meet sta	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si  N 6. Plat 7. Safe 1. Indi 1. posi 2. Loci 3. Stoj	ach: depend on ion: idth: width: ength: ieight: itandards) ie for supports ety colours FETY REQUIRI cating device fo	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m  EMENTS r horizontal	N Y N C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C				
Number of manual Year of manual Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight:  Inspection points  A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of 12. Certificate of 12. Certificate of 13. Working space C. GENERAL RI 1. User's manual	ufacture cture city: mber: load: ture:  s: material strength stability test te diagram EQUIREMEN'	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg (Y = meet sta	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si  N 6. Plat 7. Safe 1. Indi posi posi 1. Indi posi 1. Stop 4. Stop 5. Safe	ach: depend on ion: ith: width: ength: eight: tandards) te for supports ety colours FETY REQUIR! cating device for ition king device and p device for liftir p for opening of ety distances	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m  EMENTS r horizontal	N Y N				
Number of manu Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight: Inspection points A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of s 2. Certificate of s 2. Working space C. GENERAL RI 1. User's manua 2. Place for safe	ufacture cture city: mber: load: ture:  s: material strength stability test te diagram EQUIREMEN' Il skeeping for us	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg (Y = meet sta	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si  N 6. Plat 7. Safe D. SAf 1. Indi posi posi 1. Indi posi 2. Loci 3. Stop 4. Stop 5. Safe 6. Pos	ach: depend on ion: ith: width: ength: eight: tandards) te for supports ety colours FETY REQUIRE cating device for ition king device and p device for liftir p for opening of ety distances ition of working	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m  EMENTS r horizontal llockings og support	N Y N				
Number of manual Year of manual Year of manufact Max. lifting capa Max. person nur Max. additional I Power supply: Lowest temperal Weight:  Inspection points  A. STRENGTH 1. Certificate of 12. Certificate of 12. Certificate of 13. Working space C. GENERAL RI 1. User's manual	ufacture eture ecture ecture ecture ecture: eload: eture: eture: estability test ecture diagram equirement ecture	YGC D160XT 2009 215 kg 2 55 kg 24 VDC -20 °C 2180 kg (Y = meet sta	ndards N = d Y	Boom rotati Support wic Transport w Transport h Basket size o not meet si  N 6. Plat 7. Safe D. SAI 1. Indi posi 2. Loci 3. Stop 4. Stop 5. Safe 6. Pos 7. Stru 8. Eme	ach: depend on ion: ith: width: ength: eight: tandards) te for supports ety colours FETY REQUIR! cating device for ition king device and p device for liftir p for opening of ety distances	Continuous 3,8 m 1,80 m 5,99 m 2,29 m 0,7 x 1,3 m  EMENTS r horizontal lockings g support face g face	N				

## DINO 160XTB

E. ELECTRIC APPLIANCES  1. Electric appliances  F. CONTROL DEVICES		<b>2</b> 0	G. SAFETY DEVICE  1. Safety limit switch  2. Sound signal	<b>₽</b> □
Protections     Symbols / directions     Placings     Emergency stop			H. LOADING TEST  1. Loading = 323 kg  2. Work movements	<b>▽</b> □
FAILINGS AND NOTES				
Failings have been repaired.	Date:		Signature:	

Dinolift Oy Raikkolantie 145 FIN-32210 LOIMAA, FINLAND Tel. +358 - 2 - 7625 900, Fax +358 - 2 - 7627 160, e-mail: dino@dinolift.com

#### 20.2 DAILY INSPECTION (START-UP INSPECTION)

To be always performed at a new work site and in the beginning of every working day. The inspection is performed by the user.

In the inspection attention shall be paid to the following issues:

- establish the load-bearing capacity of the ground at the lifting site (see the table "maximum permissible ground pressure for different soil materials" for guidelines)
- verify the standing stability of the lift
- control the due operation of the position indicator
- test the operation of the emergency stop system both from the platform and the chassis control panels.
- test operation of the emergency descent system
- test the alarm signal
- check the warning and signal lights
- check the operation and cleanliness of the lights and reflectors
- check the condition of the operating controls and test all work movements
- check the condition of the access routes, the platform gate and the handrails
- check the operation of the overload limit switches (refer to the service instructions).
- check the limit switches, which prevent the operation of the boom movements (refer to the service instructions)
- check the operation of the limit switches, which block the outrigger movements (refer to the service instructions).
- check the hydraulic system for tightness
- test the brakes
- check the unit visually
- observe the location of nearby power lines (see point "General safety regulations")

Check the level of the electrolyte in the batteries once a week (see point "Maintenance of the batteries").

## 20.3 MONTHLY INSPECTION (MAINTENANCE INSPECTION)

# The inspection shall be performed by a person who is well familiar with the lift. Task list for inspection:

- perform the measures of the daily inspection
- check the attachment points of the boom and the platform
- check the operation and condition of the platform levelling system
- perform visual inspection of the load-bearing structures
  - chassis
  - turning device
  - telescope (fully extended)
  - support outriggers and their joints
  - welded seams for cracks, corrosion or breaches
  - are the possible repair weldings duly executed
- check that the platform does not "drift" (refer to the service instructions)
- check that the outriggers do not "drift" (refer to the service instructions).
- hydraulic oil level
- check the electro-hydraulic rotating adaptor for leaks and seizures
- check the tyres and the tyre pressure
- check the wheel bolts and rims
- check the turning gear play
- check the operation of the driving device
- check the condition and attachment of the electric wires
- check the condition and attachment of the batteries
- check the condition of the overrun
- make sure that all signs, warnings and pictorials for operating controls and control equipment are in place, in good condition and clean.
- check that the lift is clean all over

## 20.4 ANNUAL INSPECTION (REGULAR INSPECTION)

The inspection shall be performed by a skilled technician or an expert inspection body with documented evidence of competence (see point "Periodic inspection"). In the inspection special attention has to be paid to the condition of the steel structures, the safety devices and the operating system.

Clean the lift before the inspection

The inspection incorporates the following measures and checks:

- perform the measures of the daily and monthly inspection
- inspect thoroughly the hydraulic system
  - power unit
    - connect the pressure gauge to the measuring point in the hydraulic system
    - make the oil flow through the relief valve by driving one of the movements against the end stop
    - observe the pressure reading in the gauge; when the oil is warm the pressure should be 21 21.5 MPa (210 -215 bar)
  - load-holding check-valves on the outriggers
    - lift the device off the ground with the outriggers and measure the distance to the chassis at each outrigger
    - step on the platform and extend the telescope keeping the boom level Turn the boom round a few times, stop at the initial position and check that the distance between the ground and the outriggers has not changed.
    - lift the outriggers from the ground and leave them in this position for about 10 minutes
    - Observe that the outriggers do not lower of themselves.
  - load-holding check-valve on the lift cylinder
    - lift the boom from the chassis control panel to an angle of about  $45^{\circ}$  and extend the telescope
      - Observe about 10 minutes that the boom does not lower of itself.
  - load regulation valve of the telescope cylinder
    - lift the boom from the chassis control panel and extend the telescope slightly; leave it in this position for about 5 minutes
    - make sure that the telescope does not retract of itself
  - load regulation valve of the levelling system
    - put a load of about 120 kg on the platform
    - lift and lower the boom 4 5 times
    - make sure that the position of the platform does not change
  - electric directional valves
    - operate all boom and turning movements and check that they all work properly and that the movements stop as soon as the levers are released

- manually operated directional valves
  - check that the valves of the support outriggers and the driving device work properly and no movements are executed when the spools are in the neutral position
- electro-hydraulic rotary adaptor
  - check the adaptor for tightness
  - check that the lever arm neither seizes nor is loose

#### - cylinders

- lower the outriggers to support position and check the condition of piston rods and wiper rings
- lift the boom to its upper position and check the condition of the piston rod and the wiper ring of the lift cylinder
- lift up the articulated arms and check the condition of the piston rods and wiper rings of the cylinders
- check the condition of the piston rod and wiper ring of the master cylinder in the slave cylinder system.
- lower the boom and check the condition of the piston rod and wiper ring of the slave cylinder under the platform

#### - hoses

check the hoses for leaks and chafing

#### - pipes

- check that there are no dents, leaks, trace of corrosion or chafing at the clamps Check that the pipes are properly fastened.

#### - connections

- check the hose and pipe connections for leaks
- inspect thoroughly the electric system
  - check that the control panel boxes are dry, clean and tight.
  - check the condition of the cable connections and their protection against moisture
  - check the condition and attachment of the limit switches
  - check the limit switch lead-throughs for tightness
  - check the connections of the electric valves
  - check the connections of the solenoid valves
  - perform visual inspection of all electric wiring
  - check the condition of the mains cable plug
  - check the condition of the electric motor.
- check the attachment points of the hydraulic cylinders
  - check the condition of the bearings and pins of the outrigger cylinders and the locking of the pins
  - check the condition of the lifting cylinder bearings and pins and the locking of the pins
  - check the condition of the articulated arm cylinder bearings and pins and the locking of the pins
  - check the condition of the telescope cylinder bearings and pins and the locking of the pins
    - Check the condition of the gas springs

- check the condition of the master and slave cylinder bearings and pins and the locking of the pins
- check the condition of the boom joint
  - check the bearing and the pin of the boom joint and the locking of the pin
  - check the condition and attachment of the articulated arm joint pins and bearings
- check the support outriggers and their footplates
  - check the mechanical structure of the outriggers and the welded seams

    The structures must not show signs of deformations or cracks No fractures or

    cracks allowed in the welded seams.
  - check the footplates for deformations, cracks or breaches
  - Also check that the footplate can turn freely on its joint.
- inspect the boom.
  - extend the telescope and check that there are no permanent deformations, dents or traces of substantial wear in the boom
  - also check the welded seams for wear, cracks or breaches
  - check the boom attachment for cracks or breaches
  - check the condition of the platform brackets
  - check the locking of the platform pin
  - check the condition and attachment of the flyer-chain, the locking of the pins and the tightness of the spring
  - check the condition of the cable chain, its clamp brackets as well as the tightness of the screw connections
  - check the play and attachment of the gliding surfaces on the boom.
- inspect the platform
  - general condition
  - check that the platform does not show signs of deformations, substantial wear or buckles
  - check that the handrails, the steps, the gate and the attachment of the gate are in order
  - check that the lock of the gate and the gas spring are in order
  - check the condition of the platform floor plate
  - check the platform carrier for notable buckles or deformations
- check all protective covers
  - check the condition of the support outrigger cylinder guards
  - check the condition of the slave cylinder guard
  - check the condition of the boom end cover, turning device covers, chassis control
    panel cover, safety device cover, platform control panel cover and the rear light
    cover
- perform visual inspection of all screw connections
- inspect the turning device
  - general condition
  - check the play and attachment of the angular gear
  - check the condition of the gear ring
  - check the play of the turning gear
  - check the tightening torque of the turning bearing's attachment screws (M16 280 Nm, M12 150 Nm)
  - check the attachment of the turning motor

- check the condition of the chassis
  - general condition
  - check the attachment of the tow-bar to the chassis
  - check the condition of the overrun and its attachment to the chassis.
  - check the axle and its attachment to the chassis
  - check the attachment and condition of the brake wires and rods
  - check the rims, the tightness of the wheel bolts, the tyres and the tyre pressure
  - check the condition of the driving device, attachment of the parts and condition of the covers for electric components
  - check the condition of the transport support of the boom
- perform a test run, test all operating controls, control the outreach with a load of 270 kg on the platform inacoordance with the instructions (See point "Test loading instructions").
- also check the operation of the limit switches during the test run (refer to the service instructions)
  - the overload limit switches on the safety devices
  - the limit switches on the outriggers, which prevent the operation of the boom movements
  - the limit switches on the tow-bar, which prevent the use of the outriggers
- after the test-loading and test drive make sure that the steel structures or other loaded parts do not show signs of structural defects, such as fractures or dangerous permanent deformations
- draw up a protocol of the regular inspection with following articles:
  - 1. inspection form
  - 2. data of repair welds
    - a) date of repair
    - b) repaired by whom
    - c) what was repaired
- as the machine is ready for operation after the annual inspection, mark the inspection date on the inspection plate affixed to the lift

## 20.5 EXTRAORDINARY INSPECTION (INSPECTION AFTER AN EXCEPTIONAL SITUATION)

The inspection is required if the lift has been damaged in a manner which may affect its load-bearing capacity or safe operation.

- in this case the lift shall be inspected according to the instructions for the annual inspection
- the lift shall be subjected to a test loading and a stability test
- a protocol shall be drawn up for the inspection

#### 20.6 TEST LOADING INSTRUCTIONS FOR REGULAR INSPECTION

- 1. Place the lift on an even surface with good carrying capacity. Drive the outriggers to their lowest position (the minimum support width).
- 2. Turn the boom to the side from the tow-bar and lower it on the ground.
- 3. Put a weighed load of 270 kg on the platform (I).
- 4. Lift the boom to as high as it goes and extend the telescope to its full length (maximum lifting height).
- 5. Lower the boom until the safety device stops the movement.
- 6. Turn the boom round over 360°.
- 7. Retract the telescope and lower the boom to a horizontal position.
- 8. Extend the telescope until the safety limit switch RK4 stops the movement. Establish the standing stability in this situation by turning the lift round over 360°.
- 9. Carry out the same procedure with a platform load of 120 kg (II).
- 10. Compare the outreach with the reach diagram, and as necessary, readjust according to the instructions for "adjustment of the overload limit switches".

After the above mentioned test loadings (case I and case II) and the subsequent inspection have been completed without finding any defects in the structure or stability of the lift, the lift may be used inside the permitted operating range presented in the reach/platform load diagram of this manual.

The max. allowed platform load is 215 kg

- in conjunction with the first, i.e. start-up inspection, the lift shall be subjected to a test loading with an overload of 25% and after that the supporting structures shall be thoroughly inspected
- in conjunction with the annual inspection the lift shall be subjected to a regular inspection, a test-run and a test loading with maximum permissible load and a thorough inspection of the supporting structures
- the first inspection shall be recorded in the start-up inspection protocol and the test-run shall be recorded in the protocols for the annual and regular inspection

## 21 FAULT FINDING

EALILT	DEMEDY
FAULI	REMED I

# 1. The electric motor does not start, although the selector switch is in position 1b or 1c and one of the movements is operated or the start button at the battery housing on the left-hand side is depressed

Mains switch turned off.	Turn on the mains switch.
Emergency stop button, either on the platform or	Lift the button and start the engine.
in the chassis control centre is stuck in the lower	
position.	
No power supply to the main centre - no readout	Check the fuse F3 (10A glass tube fuse in the
in the battery gauge.	main centre).
	Check the fuse F12 (15A automatic fuse in the
	left battery housing)
	Check the fuse FG (150A megafuse in the left
	battery housing)
Power supply to the main centre OK - the battery	Check the fuse F1 (10A glass tube fuse in the
gauge readout is between 100 % - 1 %.	main centre).
	Check the fuse F4 (10A glass tube fuse in the
	main centre).
Power supply to the main centre OK - the battery	Batteries are flat -> recharge batteries by
gauge readout is 0 %.	connecting the mains cable.
Telescope chain limit switch RK7 has	Check the operation of the RK7 and readjust
disconnected the emergency stop circuit.	according to the instructions.
Voltage supply to the switch OK, but no	Check the operation of the selector switch and
transmission forward.	replace it, if necessary.
Power input to the selector switch and output	Check the operation of the engine solenoid and
from the switch are OK.	the governing relays.

## 2. "Boom up" and "Telescope out" movements are not operational, although the electric motor starts normally as other movements are operated

Battery voltage low, lifting movements are	Recharge the battery by connecting the mains
impeded.	cable.

## 3. None of the platform movements operate though the electric motor is running and the selector switch is in position 1b or 1c

Green signal light for outriggers is not lit.	Check operation of the safety limit switches RK11, RK12, RK13 and RK14.
The green signal light for the outrigger limit switches is lit, but the boom movements do not operate.	Check the operation of the safety relay SR2 for the outrigger circuit.
Overloading of the boom has occurred.	Retract the platform with the buttons 6 or 21 inside the designated operating range of the platform (the green light in the platform control panel lights up).

_ = · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FAULT	REMEDY

## 4. Outriggers do not move

Boom does not rest on the transport support.	Drive the boom onto the transport support.
The selector switch is in wrong position.	Turn the selector switch to position 1b.
Limit switch on the boom support is not closed.	Drive the boom onto the transport support and
	check the operation of the limit switch RK3.

## 5. Platform turn is not operational

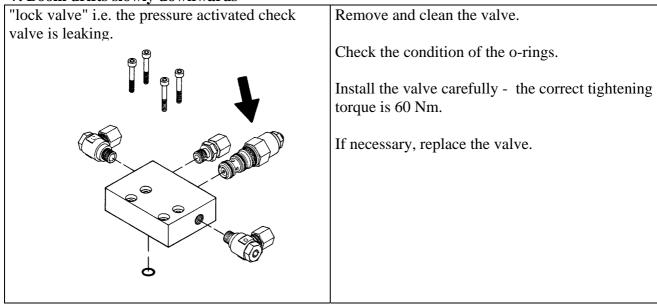
Automatic fuse F10 has tripped.	Reset the automatic fuse with the reset button.

Check, whether the fault is in the electric system or in the hydraulic system.

## 6. Disturbance of platform movements - only one of the movements is operational

Irregular and indefinite malfunctions.	Make sure that the hydraulic oil and the filter have been changed.  Thoroughly clean the solenoid valve spools and housings (requires utmost cleanliness - not all contaminants can be spotted with the naked eye).  Also temporary contact failures in the joysticks may cause malfunctions.  Spray with moisture repellent.
Lifting or lowering of the boom and extension of	Overloading of boom has ocurred; retract the
the telescope are not operational, red light on the	telescope and retry (automatic reset).
platform is lit and the buzzer in the chassis	
control panel is audible.	

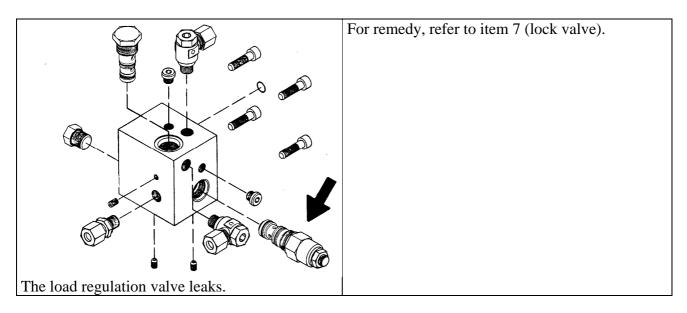
## 7. Boom drifts slowly downwards



FAULT	REMEDY
8. Boom cannot be lifted	
	Refer to item 4.
	Electric valve open.
	Remedy as instructed above in conjunction with the seizure of the electric valve spool.
The lift turns as the lifting movement is activated.	Solenoid valve is stuck in turning position.
	Wash carefully the spool and the block.
9. Telescope movement does not operate	
	Refer to item 4.
	Check that the solenoid valve of the telescope is not stuck in the centre (open) position.

FAULT	DEMEDV	
I FAI II I	I REMEDY	
1111011		

## 10. Telescope retracts slowly



## 11. Platform drifts backward

Double load regulation valve on the bottom side is leaking.	For remedy, refer to item 7 (lock valve).
Load regulation valve under the platform is leaking.	For remedy, refer to item 7 (lock valve).

## 12. Platform drifts forward

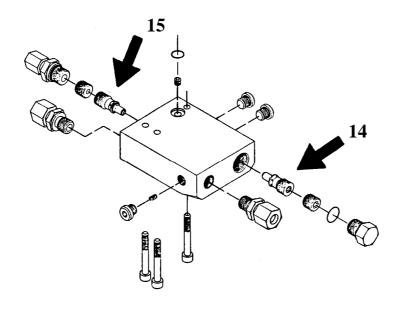
Double load regulation valve on the rod side is	Measures as above.
leaking.	

13. Support outriggers do not operate though the selector switch is in position 1b

15. Support outriggers do not operate though t	ne selector switch is in position is
Boom does not rest on the transport support.	Drive the boom onto the support.
Electric valve for movement of boom/outriggers does not operate (jams in the centre position).	For remedy, refer to item 4.

14. Outrigger does not stay in the support position (see illustration)

The load regulation valve on the bottom side is	For remedy, refer to item 5 (lock valve).
leaking.	Tightening torque 55 Nm.



15. Outrigger does not stay in the transport position (see illustration)

Load regulation valve on the rod side is leaking. Measures as above.

16. Driving device does not operate though the selector switch is in position 1b

Boom does not rest on the transport support.	Drive the boom onto the support.
Electric valve for movement of boom/outriggers does not operate (jams in the centre position).	For remedy, refer to item 4.

17. Too low braking force

17. Too low braking force	
Too much play in the brake system.	Adjust the brakes.
Brake linings not yet run-in.	Pull the parking brake lever slightly and drive 2 - 3 kilometres.
Brake-shoes "glazed", dirty or oil on the friction	Replace the brake-shoe sets.
surfaces.	Clean the friction surfaces of the brake drum.
Overrun brake jams.	Lubricate.
Brake rod jammed or bent.	Repair.
Brake wires rusty or broken.	Replace wires.

FAULT	REMEDY	
18. Braking uneven and jerky		
Too much play in the brake system.	Adjust the brakes.	
Shock absorber of the overrun device faulty.	Replace the shock absorber.	
Reverse automatics - brake-shoe jams in the	Replace the brake-shoe in the carrier.	
carrier.		
19. The brakes drag (only one of the wheels b		
Brake units wrongly adjusted.	Readjust the brake units according to	
	instructions.	
	Also refer to point 17 for possible cause.	
20. Lift brakes as the engine speed is decrease	ed	
Shock absorber of the overrun device faulty.	Replace the shock absorber.	
•		
21. Reversing forced or impossible		
Brakes have been adjusted too tight.	Adjust the brakes.	
Ç Ç		
22. Wheel brakes overheat		
Brake system wrongly adjusted.	Adjust the brakes.	
Wheel brakes dirty.	Clean the wheel brakes.	
•		
Overrun brake - force transmission lever jams.	Dismantle, clean and lubricate the transmission	
	rod.	
Parking brake not completely released.	Release the parking brake completely.	
o stant not tompletely leleased.		

FAULT	REMEDY

## 23. Ball-coupling is not locked

Inner parts of the ball-coupling dirty.	Clean and lubricate.
Tow-ball of the towing vehicle too large.	Measure the tow-ball. According to DIN74058 the diameter of the ball must be max. 50 mm and min. 49,5 mm.  If the measure is different or the ball is nor perfectly spherical, it must be replaced.

Always, when you change brake-shoes, replace all shoes on the axle.

Always when assembling the brakes make sure to install the springs, the brake-shoes and the expander in the right way.

When adjusting the brakes, turn the wheels forward (in driving direction)!

## Naturally the possible reasons for malfunctions are many, but the following are the most common:

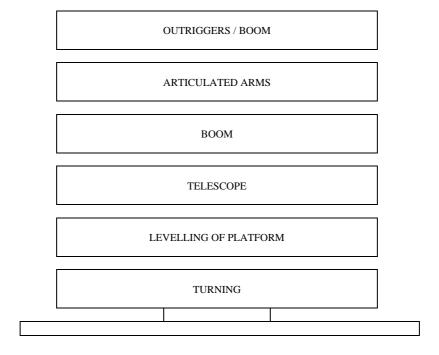
- the battery is flat (low voltage)
- contaminants in the hydraulic system
- loose electric connection or a contact failure caused by moisture

## KEEP THE LIFT CLEAN AND PROTECT IT AGAINST MOISTURE

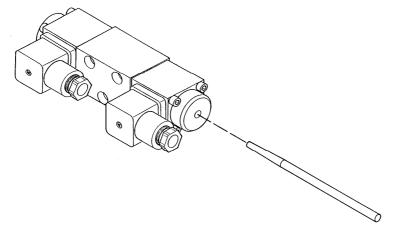
## 22 GENERAL INFORMATION OF HYDRAULICS

The movements require simultaneous operation of two electric valves, i.e:

- change-over valve and boom
- change-over valve and telescope
- change-over valve and platform
- change-over valve and turning
- change-over valve and articulated arms



Press the pin at the end of the electric valves.



If the movements operate, the fault is in operating controls of the electric system or the valve spools are dirty, which causes jamming (refer to fault finding scheme, item 6).

If none of the movements operate, the fault is in the hydraulic system.

## 23 ELECTRIC COMPONENTS DINO 160XTB

## 23.1 CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), RELAYS

**K1:** START CONTACTOR (M1) FOR THE ENGINE – in the overhang Control circuit fuse F3 10A

**K2:** AUXILIARY RELAY FOR EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON Control circuit fuse F1 10A

**K3:** TURNING THE BOOM CLOCKWISE Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K4:** TURNING THE BOOM COUNTER-CLOCKWISE Control circuit fuse F9 5A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K5:** AUXILIARY RELAY FOR "BOOM DOWN" MOVEMENT Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K7:** AUXILIARY RELAY FOR "BOOM UP" MOVEMENT Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K9:** AUXILIARY RELAY FOR "TELESCOPE IN" MOVEMENT Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K10:** AUXILIARY RELAY FOR "TELESCOPE OUT" MOVEMENT Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K11:** ARTICULATED ARMS DOWN Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K13:** ARTICULATED ARMS UP Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K15:** LEVELLING THE PLATFORM
Levelling of the platform backward.
Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

K16: LEVELLING THE PLATFORMLevelling of the platform forward.Control circuit fuse F9 1,6A (Platform control panel) and F4 10A (Chassis control panel).

**K17:** CENTRE POSITION ACTIVATION OF THE JOYSTICK Switches off the voltage from the joysticks's micro-switches if the dead-man-switch DMK has not been pressed while the joystick is in the centre position.

**K19:** BASIC SPEED WHEN CONTROLLED FROM THE CHASSIS Connects the speed control for the engine controller for operation from the chassis.

**K20:** FUNCTION RELAY FOR OUTREACH LIMIT SWITCH RK4 Switches off the "Boom down" and "Telescope out" movements immediately upon

operation of the K21. Reconnection delay is about 1,5 sec. Control circuit fuse F3 10A

#### **K21:** FUNCTION RELAY FOR OUTREACH LIMIT SWITCH RK4

Switches off the "Boom down" and "Telescope out" movements immediately as the RK4 operates. No delay.

Control circuit fuse F3 10A

#### **K23:** DEAD-MAN-SWITCH RELAY

Switches off power supply to the selector switch for the boom unless the speed selector and the boom movement are activated.

#### **K24:** CENTRE POSITION ACTIVATION OF THE JOYSTICK

Pressing the dead-man-switch DMK breaks the control voltage from the spool of the relay K17 which would otherwise disconnect the control voltage from the micro-switches on the joystick.

#### **K390:** CHANGE-OVER RELAY FOR OPTIONAL FUNCTIONS

As the relay is active the lifting-lowering movements of the articulated arms are switched over to the joystick movements in the X-direction. As the relay is not active the joystick movements in the X-direction control turning of the boom to the left and right.

#### **K391:** CHANGE-OVER RELAY FOR OPTIONAL FUNCTIONS

As the relay is active the in-out movements of the telescope are switched over to the joystick movements in the Y-direction. As the relay is not active lifting-lowering movements of the boom are switched over to the joystick movements in the Y-direction

**SR2:** Safety relay monitoring the operation of the outriggers

The safety relay resets as soon as all outrigger safety limit switches (RK11, RK12, RK13 and RK14) have closed. After that it is possible to operate the boom.

**SR3:** SAFETY RELAY WHICH MONITORS THE OVERLOADING OF BOOM Safety limit-switch RK5 controls the operation of the safety relay.

Overloading of the boom: SR3 is disconnected. The safety relay is automatically reset upon return to the normal outreach range. The delay adjusted with the capacitors affects the tripping moment of the SR3.

If the RK5 fails: SR3 is disconnected. The safety relay is not automatically reset but the due operation of the electric equipment must be checked. The delay adjusted with the capacitors affects the tripping moment of the SR3.

## **SR4:** SAFETY RELAY FOR EMERGENCY STOP CIRCUIT

Safety relay for emergency stop, stops the motor and disconnects the control voltage from the boom/chassis selector valve. The relay trips, if the emergency stop button S1 or S4 or the chain limit switch RK7 cuts off the control circuit for the relay.

## 23.2 CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), SWITCHES

#### **S1:** LOCKING EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH

Stops all other functions except the emergency descent and the sound signal, which remain operational.

**S2:** START SWITCH – in the battery housing on the right-hand side Starting the electric motor for operation of the support outriggers

## **S16:** TURNING OF THE BOOM TO THE RIGHT - LEFT

Non-locking lever switch (chassis control panel).

#### S17: BOOM UP-DOWN

Non-locking lever switch (chassis control panel).

#### **S18:** TELESCOPE IN-OUT

Non-locking lever switch (chassis control panel).

#### **S19:** ARTICULATED ARMS DOWN-UP

Non-locking lever switch (chassis control panel).

#### **S20:** PLATFORM LEVELLING FORWARD-BACKWARD

Non-locking lever switch (chassis control panel).

#### **S32:** TELESCOPE IN

Non-locking button switch. After the SR3 has tripped, the telescope can be retracted by depressing the button.

#### Q1: TURN SWITCH WITH KEY

Selector switch for choosing the operating location.

1a = Off

1b = chassis control panel

1c = platform control panel

## 23.3 CHASSIS CONTROL CENTRE (LCB), OTHER ITEMS

- F1: 10 A FUSE FOR EMERGENCY STOP CIRCUIT
- **F2:** 10A FUSE FOR SELECTOR VALVES AND LIMIT SWITCHES FOR OUTRIGGERS
- **F3:** 10 A FUSE FOR ENGINE CONTROLLER AND OUTREACH LIMITS
- **F4:** 10 A FUSE FOR CONTROL LEVERS AND JOYSTICK AND DRIVING DEVICE ON THE CHASSIS AND PLATFORM CONTROL PANELS
- **F11** 10A FUSE FOR SOCKET OUTLETS

:

**H3:** YELLOW LED SIGNAL LIGHT

Indicates the operation of the outrigger limit switches RK11-RK14.

**H4:** RED LED SIGNAL LIGHT

Indicates the tripping of the SR3.

- HM BATTERY VOLTAGE/HOUR METER/DISPLAY OF ERROR CODES FOR
- 1: ENGINE CONTROLLER
- **U1:** VOLTAGE METER

When the control voltage is switched on, the voltage meter reading indicates the value of alternating voltage.

#### 23.4 PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), RELAYS

**K50:** CONTROL RELAY FOR SIGNAL LIGHTS WHICH INDICATE THE

STATE OF LOADING OF THE PLATFORM

The relay is controlled by the closing point of the limit switch RK4.

**K51:** PLATFORM TURN TO THE LEFT

Controlled by the non-locking lever switch S36.

The control movement is stopped by the inductive end limit switch RK9 of the linear motor.

**K52:** PLATFORM TURN TO THE RIGHT

Controlled by the non-locking lever switch S36.

The control movement is stopped by the inductive end limit switch RK10 of the linear motor.

## 23.5 PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), SWITCHES

#### **DMK:** DEAD-MAN-SWITCH

#### **JST:** JOYSTICK

As the right side of the rocker switch is depressed, the movements are: boom up - down and turn right - left.

As the left side of the rocker switch is depressed, the movements are: telescope out - in and articulated arms up - down.

#### **S4:** LOCKING EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH

Stops all other functions except the emergency descent and the sound signal, which remain operational.

#### **S10:** SOUND SIGNAL SWITCH

#### **S12:** PLATFORM LEVELLING FORWARD-BACKWARD

Control switch, non-locking lever switch.

The levelling is operated by pressing the button S29 and tuning the lever switch S12.

#### **S29:** SELECTOR SWITCH FOR LEVELLING OF PLATFORM

Non-locking button switch.

Switches on the control voltage to button switch S12 as the switch is depressed.

#### **S31:** TELESCOPE IN

Non-locking pushbutton for retraction of the telescope.

#### **S36:** PLATFORM TURN TO LEFT AND RIGHT

Non-locking lever switch.

Controls the relays K14 and K15.

## 23.6 PLATFORM CONTROL CENTRE (UCB), OTHER ITEMS

H1: GREEN LED SIGNAL LIGHT

The platform inside the operating range.

**H2:** RED LED SIGNAL LIGHT

The platform at the border of the operating range.

**F9:** JOYSTICK FUSE 1.6A

F10: AUTOMATIC FUSE FOR PLATFORM TURN 4A

**PR:** SOCKET OUTLET ON THE PLATFORM, 230VAC 10A, automatic fuse in the main

centre cover

ÄM2: BUZZER

Indicates the operation of the safety limit switch RK5 and the emergency stop switches S1 and S4.

#### 23.7 LIMIT SWITCHES

**RK3:** LIMIT SWITCH FOR THE BOOM SUPPORT

Prevents the operation of the outriggers and the driving device if the boom does not rest on the support in the transport position.

**RK4:** SAFETY LIMIT SWITCH FOR THE ADJUSTED OPERATING RANGE

The operation of the limit switch stops the "boom down" movement and the "telescope out" movement.

**RK5:** BACKUP LIMIT SWITCH FOR THE SAFETY LIMIT SWITCH RK4.

After the preset delay (2.4 seconds), trips the safety relay SR3, which controls the sound signal AM2 and switches off the control voltage to the selector valve for the boom.

**RK7:** SAFETY LIMIT SWITCH FOR THE TELESCOPE CHAIN.

Controls the emergency stop safety relay SR4. Launches the emergency stop procedure as soon as the limit switch SR4 opens.

**RK8:** "TELESCOPE IN THE INNER POSITION" SAFETY LIMIT SWITCH

The limits switch closes as the telescope movement is completely retracted.

If the RK4 or RK5 has failed the boom cannot be lowered until the telescope movement has been completely retracted and the tips of the limit switch RK8 have closed.

**RK9:** INDUCTIVE LIMIT SWITCH

Limits turning of the platform to the left by disconnecting the control voltage circuit for the relay K51.

**RK10:** INDUCTIVE LIMIT SWITCH

Limits turning of the platform to the right by disconnecting the control voltage circuit for the relay K52.

### RK11 - RK14: LIMIT SWITCHES ON THE OUTRIGGERS

The limit switch closes as soon as sufficent force is exerted on the outrigger.

Prevents the operation of the boom unless the outriggers are not firmly supported on the

ground and all limit switches are not closed.

#### **RK16** INDUCTIVE LIMIT SWITCH

:

Retards the lifting and lowering movements of the boom and the turning movement, if the length of the boom is about m.

## 23.8 DRIVING DEVICE CONTROL CENTRE (DCB)

**S24:** DRIVING STRAIGHT, FORWARD AND

**BACKWARD** 

Non-locking lever switch.

**S25:** TURNING TO THE LEFT

Non-locking button switch.

**S26:** TURNING TO THE RIGHT

Non-locking button switch.

#### 23.9 OTHER MARKINGS

A1: SPEED REGULATOR FOR THE ELECTRIC MOTOR M1

**FG:** AKUSTON PÄÄSULAKE 150A

F12: SUPPLY FUSE FOR THE MAIN CENTRE 15A

**G1-G4:** BATTERIES 24VDC (4x6VDC 225AH)

J1: PLUG

M1: ELECTRIC MOTOR 24VDC 2kW

**M3:** MOTOR FOR PLATFORM TURN

**PL:** ROTARY ADAPTOR

The electric circuits between the chassis and the turning device go through the electric rotary adaptor.

**SPV:** MAINS SWITCH

Disconnects the positive pole of the battery unit from the system. Battery T1 remains connected, the batteries can be charged while the mains switch is open.

#### **T1:** BATTERY CHARGER

Charge voltage 29,6VDC.

Maintenance charge voltage 26,6VDC.

Charges the battery if the mains supply is connected.

The signal light for the charger is lit during charging operation.

The batteries can be charged even during operation of the lift.

**VVK:** FAULT CURRENT SWITCH 25A 30 ms.

ÄM1: SOUND SIGNAL

## 24 ELECTRIC COMPONENTS 16701 >

Boom=Boom CH=Chassis DCB=Driving device centre HN=Honda LCB=Chassis control centre OT=Outrigger PL= Platform RU= Turning device UCB=Platform control centre

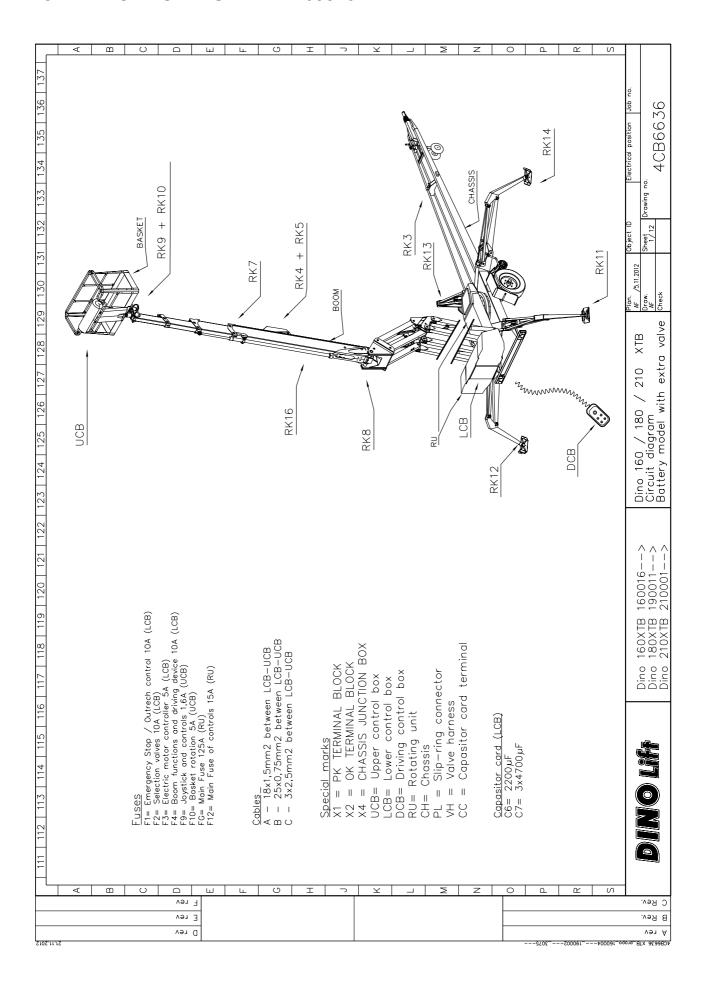
ELECTRIC				
ID:	LOCATION	DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION	
C1	CH	Plug	1-phase plug for 230VAC supply voltage	
G1-G4	Ako Akv	Battery unit	4 pcs. of 6V 225Ah powerdrive batteries, combined voltage 24V	
T1	RU RU	Battery charger	Charging of batteries 230VAC -> 24V/60A	
A1	Ako	Engine controller	Speed control for DC electric motor	
AI	ANU	Engine controller	Charging of batteries/Operating hours of	
HM1	LCB	Battery/Hour meter	electric motor	
K1	Akv	DC-Contactor	Motor control/Emergency stop	
			Switches off the main current, the charger	
SPV	AKv	Mains switch	remains connected	
RK3	CH	Limit switch	Boom support	
RK4	BOOM	Limit switch	Outreach limit	
RK5	BOOM	Limit switch	Outreach limit, backs up the RK4	
RK8	BOOM	Limit switch	Telescope fully retracted	
		_	Rotary adaptor between the superstructure	
PL	RU	Rotary adaptor	and the chassis	
FG	Akv	150A Fuse	Main battery fuse	
F1	LCB	10A Fuse	Emergency stop circuit	
F2	LCB	10A Fuse	Engine controller	
F3	LCB	10A Fuse	Safety and selector boom/chassis	
F4	LCB	10A Fuse	Controlling the boom movements	
F10	UCB	10A Fuse	Automatic fuse for turning the platform	
F11	LCB	Fuse 10A / 230VAC		
F12	Akv	15A Fuse	LCB supply fuse	
H1	UCB	Signal light	Inside the outreach range, green	
H2	UCB	Signal light	Outreach range exceeded, red	
H3	LCB	Signal light	Support outrigger circuit, green	
H4	LCB	Signal light	Outreach range exceeded, red	
		0 1 1 11	000/40	
PR	UCB	Socket outlet	230VAC on platform	
		1 41		
JST	UCB	Joystick	Joystick for boom movements on the platform	
		M -losses -losses		
S1	LCB	Mushroom-shaped button	Emorgonov stop	
S2			Emergency stop	
32	Ako	Pushbutton Mushroom-shaped	Starting of 24VDC motor	
S4	UCB	button	Emergency stop	
S10	UCB	Pushbutton	Sound signal	
S12	UCB	Lever switch	Levelling of the platform	
S16	LCB	Lever switch	Turning the boom	
S17	LCB	Lever switch	Lifting the boom	
<u> </u>		2010. 0111011		

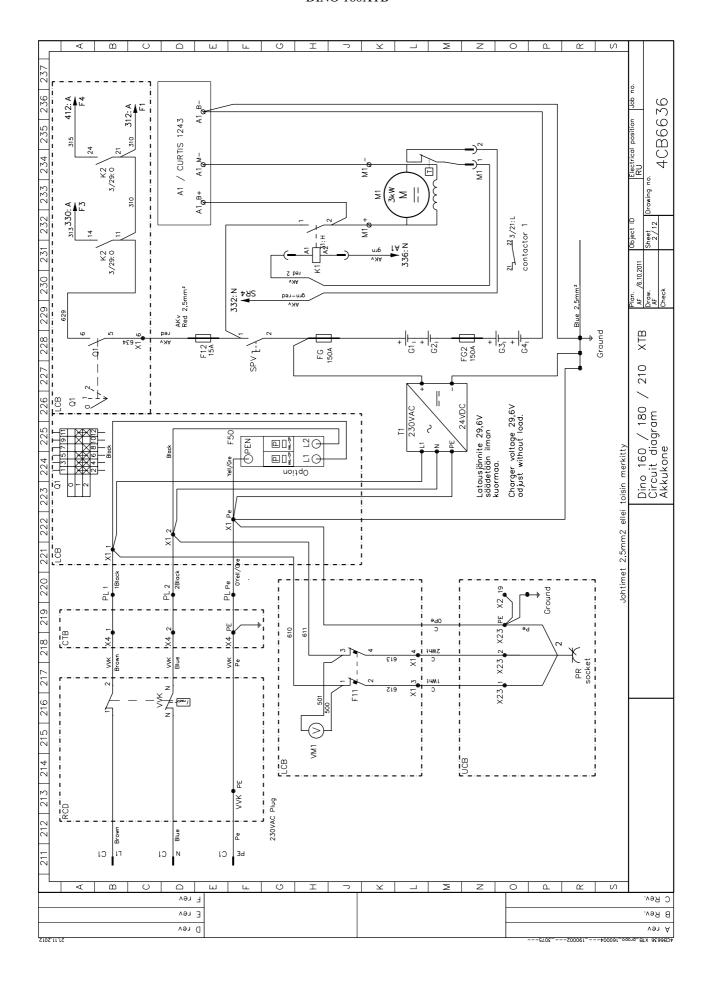
ı		DINO	160XTB		
S18	LCB	Lever switch	Telescope		
S19	LCB	LCB Lever switch Articulated arms			
S20	LCB	Lever switch	Levelling of the platform		
S23	LCB	Turn switch	Speed selector and dead-man-switch		
S24	LCB	Pushbutton	Control of driving device		
S25	LCB	Pushbutton	Control of driving device		
S26	LCB	Pushbutton	Control of driving device		
S27	LCB	Pushbutton	Control of driving device		
<u> </u>			Dead-man-switch, levelling the platform /		
S29	UCB	Pushbutton	turning		
S31	UCB	Pushbutton	Retracting the telescope		
S32	LCB	Pushbutton	Retracting the telescope		
S36	UCB	Lever switch	Turning the platform		
K2	LCB	Relay, 3-points	Emergency stop		
- 1 12		rtolay, o pointo	Lineigency etep		
K20	LCB	Relay, 4-points	Blocking "Telescope out" movement		
K21	LCB	Relay, 4-points	Blocking "Boom down" movement		
K24	LCB	Relay, 4-points	Boom, dead-man-function		
1\24	LCD	inciay, 4-poilis	Boom, dead-man-function		
I/O	LCD	Dolov 1 nainta	Turning the hear		
K3	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Turning the boom		
K4	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Turning the boom		
K5	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Lowering the boom		
K7	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Lifting the boom		
K9	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Telescope		
K10	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Telescope		
K11	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Articulated arms		
K13	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Articulated arms		
K15	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Levelling of the platform		
K16	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Levelling of the platform		
K17	LCB	Relay, 1-points	JST centre-position control		
K23	LCB	Relay, 1-points	Chassis, dead-man-function		
K50	UCB	Relay, 1-points	Signal lights for outreach limit		
K51	UCB	Relay, 1-points	Turning the platform		
K52	UCB	Relay, 1-points	Turning the platform		
K19	LCB	Relay, 2-points	Basic speed, LCB		
K391	LCB	Relay, 2-points	JST chang of operation		
		у детем			
			Blocking of lifting movement when battery		
K6	LCB	Relay, 1-points	voltage is low		
		,			
			Main switch and choosing the operating		
Q1	LCB	Key-switch	location		
RK11	CH	Limit switch	Support outrigger		
RK12	CH	Limit switch	Support outrigger		
RK13	CH	Limit switch	Support outrigger		
RK14	СН	Limit switch	Support outrigger		
VVK	СТВ	Fault current switch	230VAC for supply voltage		
ÄM1	RU	Sound signal	Warning signal activated from platform		
ÄM2	UCB	Sound signal	Sound signal for outreach limit		
- · · · · <u>-</u>		2 2 3.1 to Gigital			
SR2	LCB	Safety relay	Boom movements		
SR3	LCB	Safety relay	Control of outreach limit		
SR4	LCB	Safety relay	Emergency stop circuit		
U1\ <del>1</del>	LOD	Calety relay	Emorgonoy stop onoun		

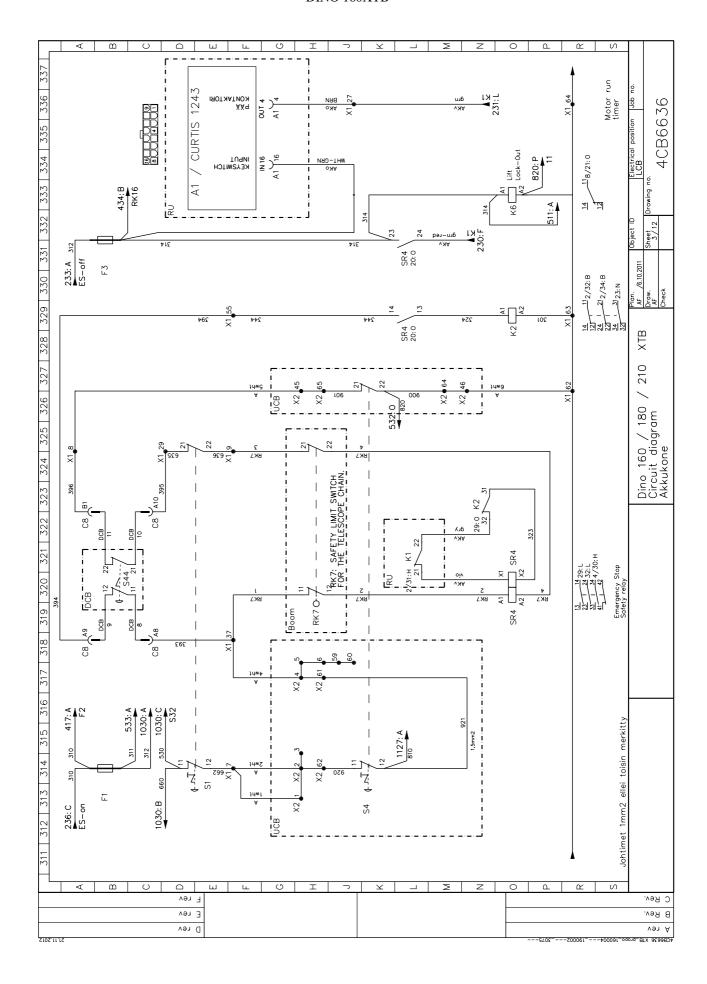
VM1	LCB	Voltmeter	230VAC	
RK7	BOOM	Limit switch	Supervision of boom chains	
M3	BASKET	Linear motor	Turning the platform	
RK9	BASKET	Limit switch	Limit, platform turn	
RK10	BASKET	Limit switch	Limit, platform turn	

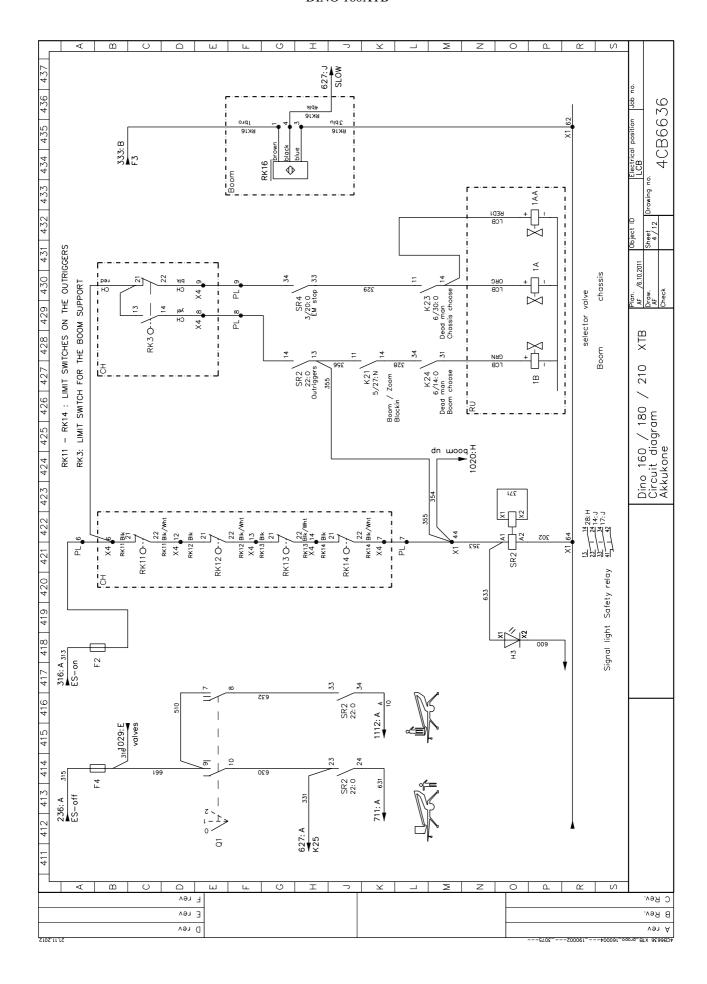
## 25 ELECTRIC DIAGRAM

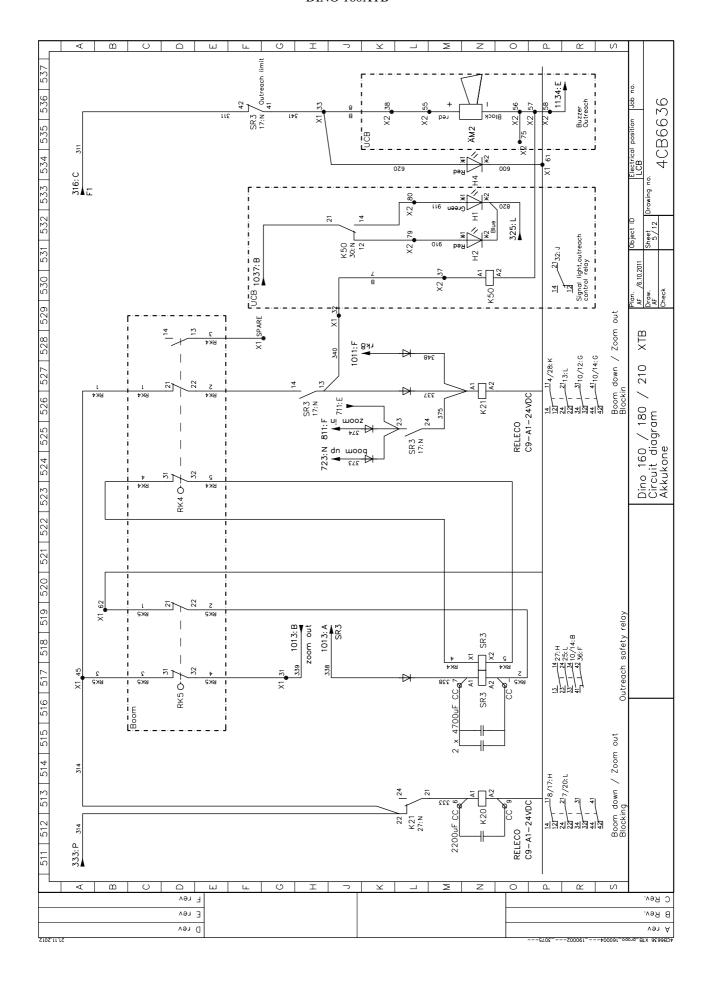
## 160016 >

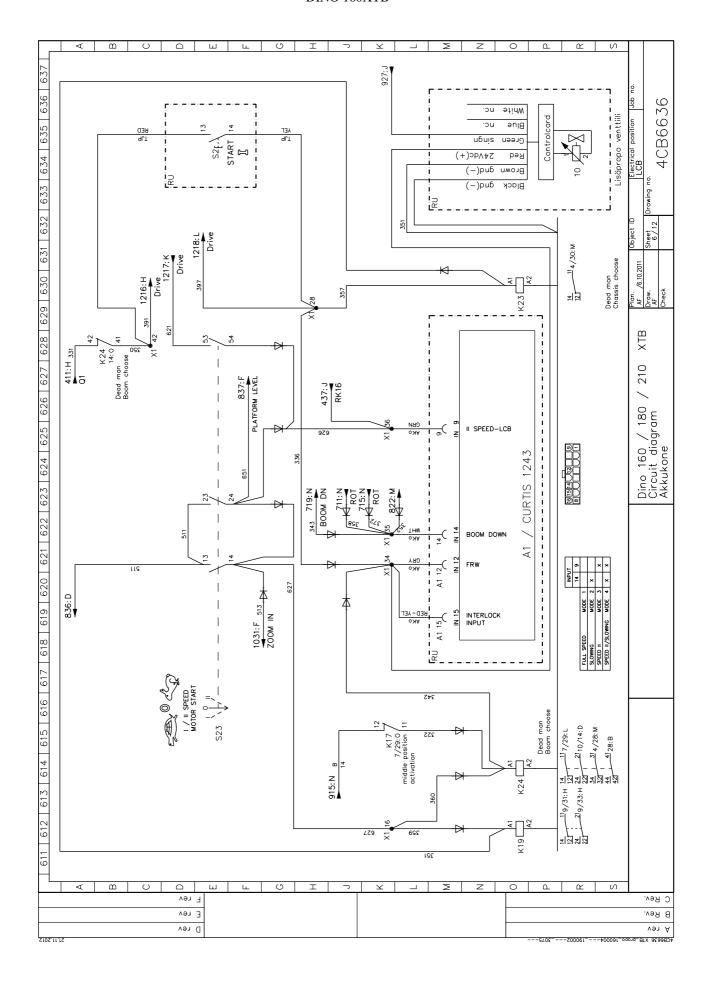


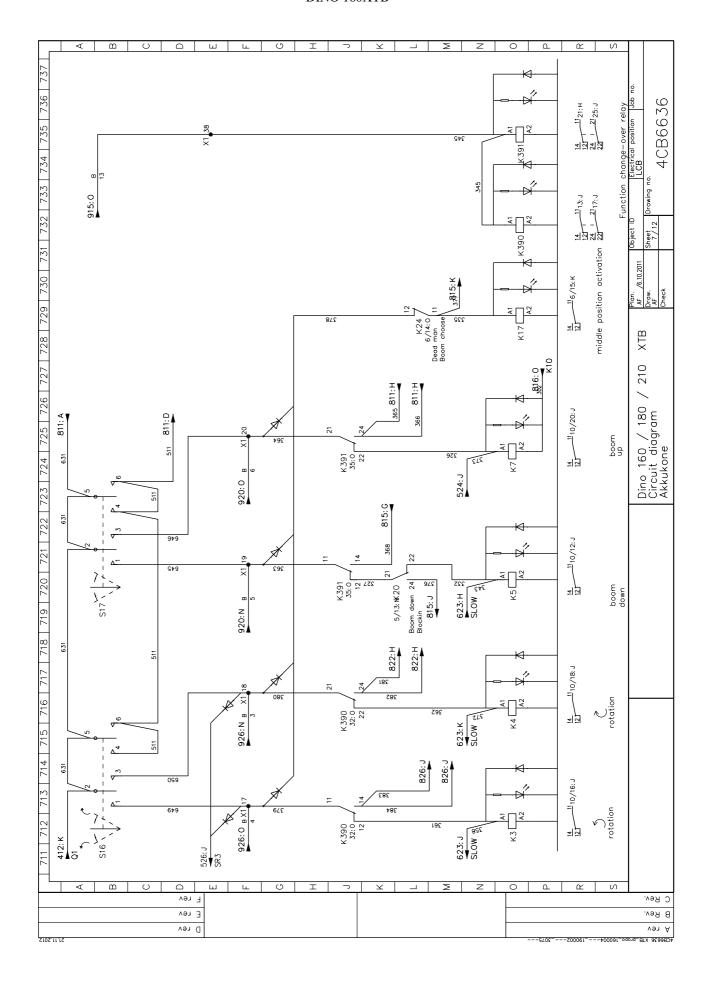


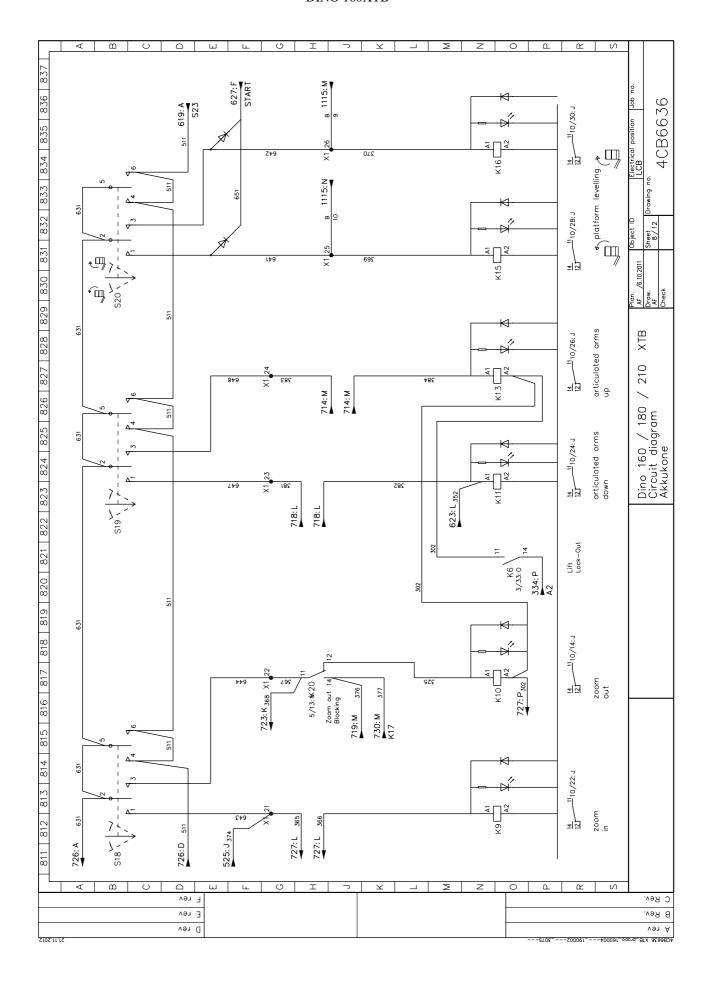


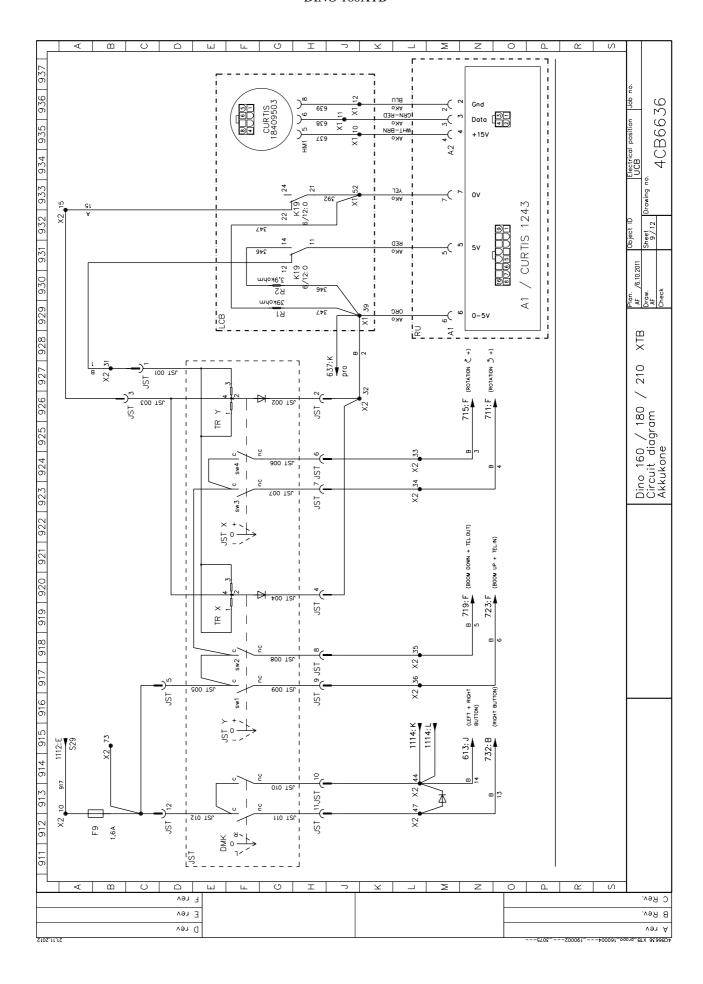


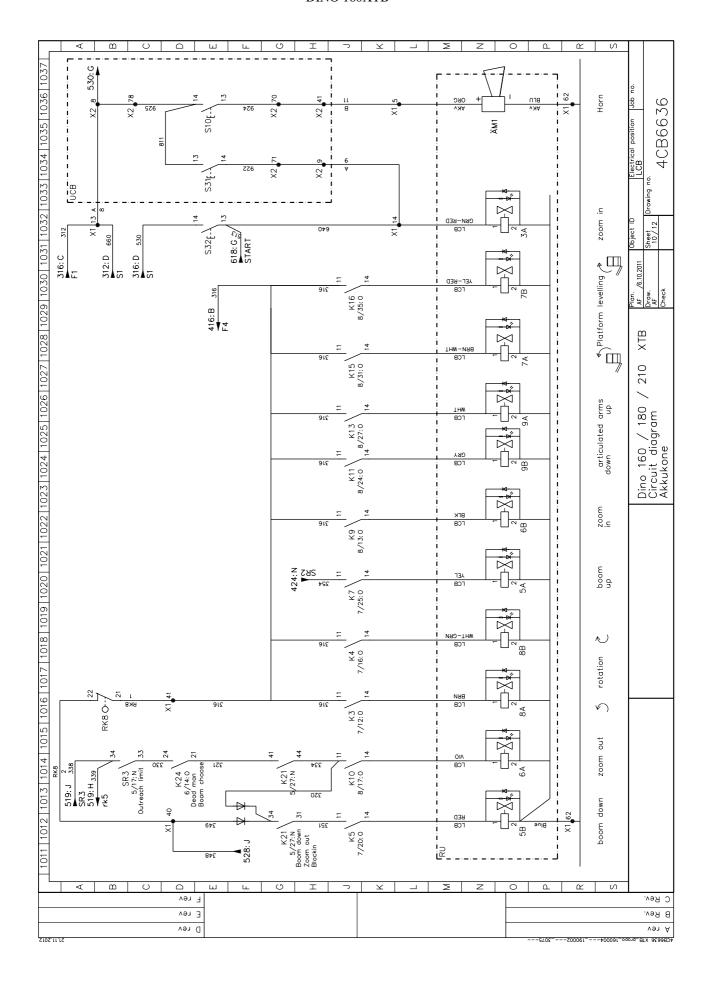


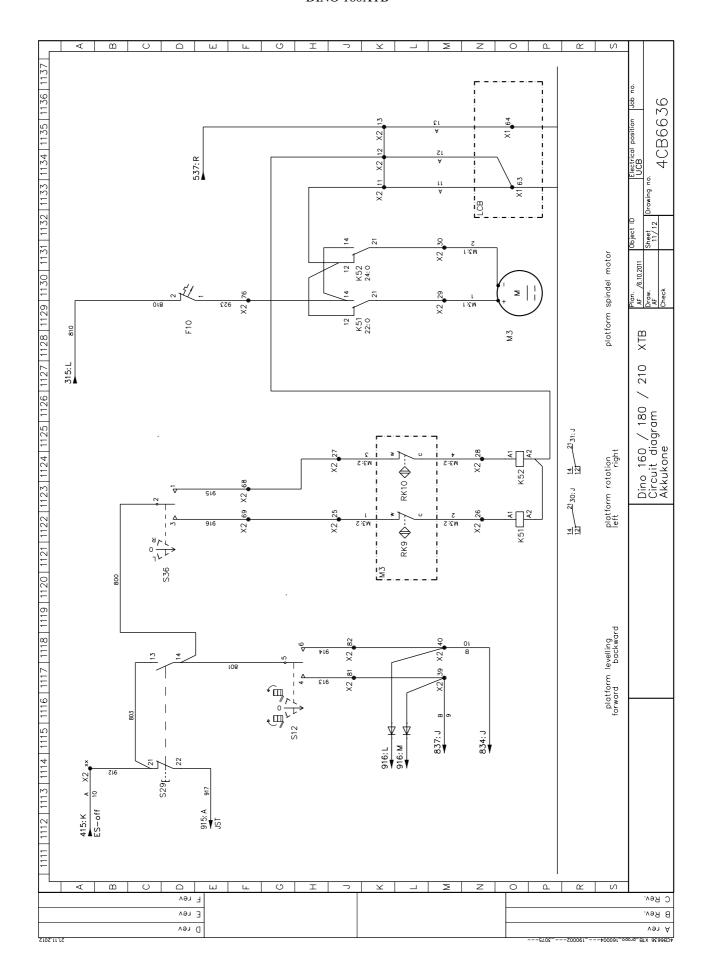


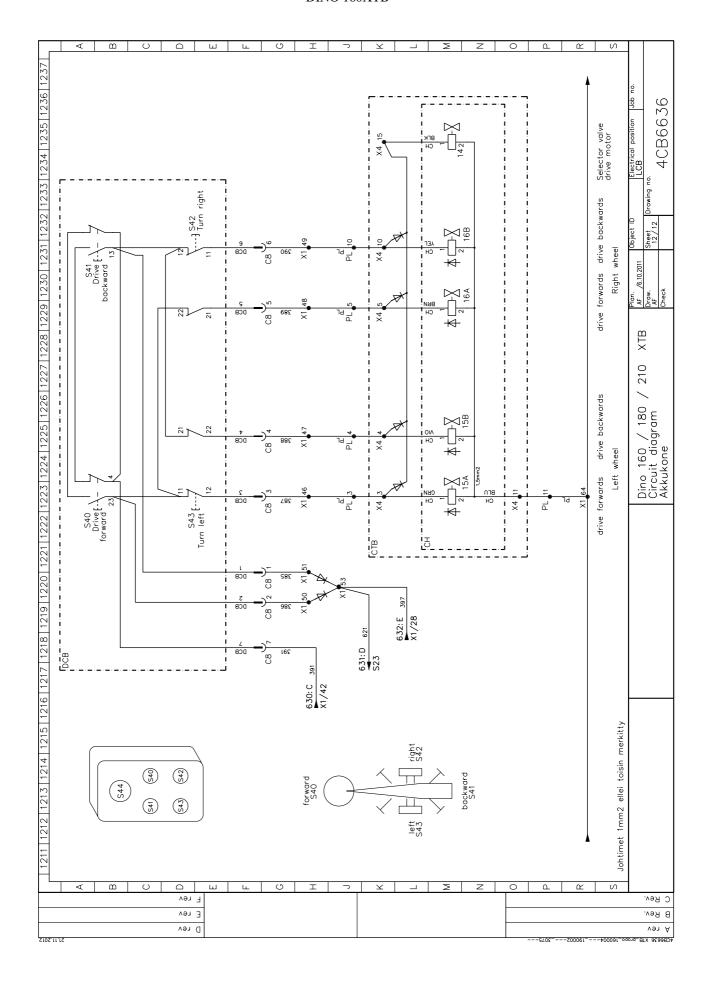












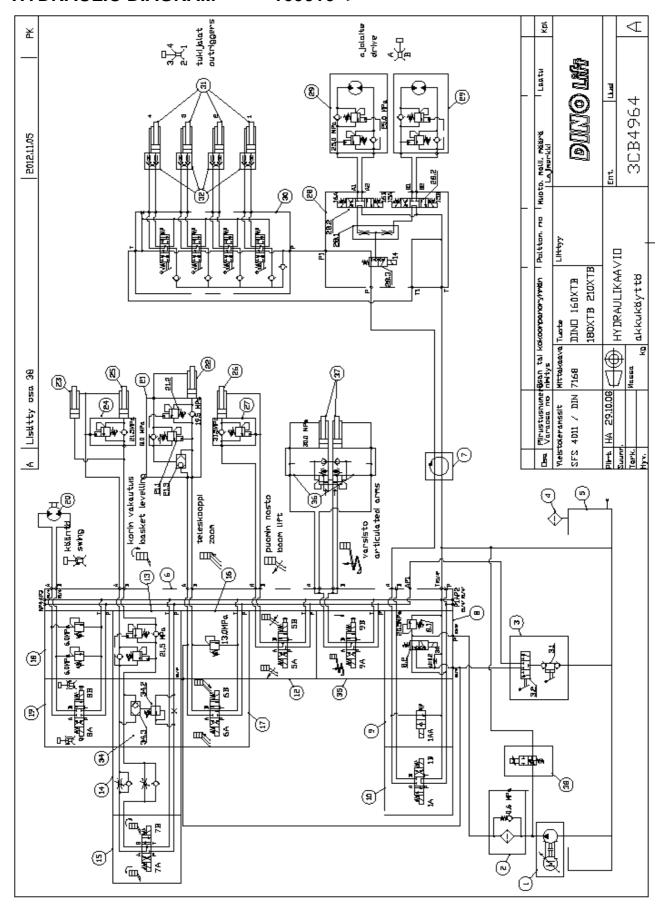
## **HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS** 160016 >

	T	1	T		
		PARTS LIST 3CB4964			
REF					
ERE	SPARE PART				
NCE	NO.	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	TYPE	PC
1		2 kW, DC power unit			1
2	47.171	pressure filter			1
		hydraulic pump, manual			
3	hydraulic pump, manual 47.2990 operation				1
3,1		pump	HydraForce	HP10-21	1
3,2		valve	HydraForce	MR10-37A	1
3,3		block	HydraForce	HF37738-06	1
4	47.190	breather	Tiyalal oloc	111 077 00 00	1
5	47.130				
	-	tank			1
6		base plate			1
7	4CB1944	rotary adaptor, hydraulic part			1
<u> </u>	47.3014	block, pressure relief valve			1
	47.2917	pressure relief valve	SUN	RDBA-LWN	1
	47.2827	solenoid valve	HydraForce	SV08-30-ON	1
0,2	77.2027	nozzle	Trydrai oroc	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	+ '
		HOZZIE		ZM22040-B-S1339-	
9	47.3004	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	G24	1
	47.3007	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D44-G24	1
10	47.5007	Solchold varve, cetop	Varialian	DE-1011-021	<u> </u>
12	47.2755	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D42-G24	1
	47.2769	double load regulation valve	VVarialium	DL4D42-G24	1
		-	SUN	CBCA-LHN	2
13,1	47.2768	load regulation valve check valve, pressure	SUN	CDCA-LITIN	
1/	47.2930	activated, cetop	SUN	NCCD-LCN	1
-	47.2755	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D42-G24	1
	47.2808	pressure relief valve	SUN	RDBA-LWN	1
		•			_
17	47.3009	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D49-G24	1
10	47 2740	double pressure relief valve,	CLIN	DDDAIMN	1
	47.2749	cetop	SUN	RDBA-LWN	1
19		solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D41-G24	1
20	47.2273/A	turning motor	M+S	EPMMFS32CPC	1
21	47.2970	valve block for telescope			1
04.4	47.0000	load regulation valve	Integrated	4050050505	
21,1	47.2969	Breathing	Hydraulics	1CEB30F35S5	1
04.0	47 0700	load regulation value	Integrated	10000000	_
	47.2722	load regulation valve	Hydraulics	1CE30F35S5	1
	47.2972	check valve	Hydraforce	LS-08-30-0-N	1
22	2CA8239	telescope cylinder			1
23	DL10.007	master cylinder	Information 1		1
2/1	47.2722	load regulation valve	Integrated Hydraulics	1CE30F35S5	1
1	DL10.005	slave cylinder	i iyaraallos	1000010000	1
26		lifting cylinder			1
20	DE0.010	mung cymiaei	Integrated		+ '
27	47.2722	load regulation valve	Hydraulics	1CE30F35S5	1
		valve block for driving	,		+ '
28	47.3017	device			1
		, · · · · · ·	1	L	<u> </u>

47.2905	flow control valve	CLINI	FODD VAN	
	now control valve	SUN	FSBD-XAN	1
47.2824	solenoid valve		SV08-47A-0-N	2
47.2910	solenoid valve		SV08-30-0-N	1
	drive motor	M+S		2
	manually operated			
47.2720B	directional valve	Dinoil	ML-4002	1
DL7.006	outrigger cylinder			4
47.377	lock valve	HAWE	RHC 1	4
	priority valve for platform			
47.2928	levelling	SUN		1
47.2932	priority valve block	SUN		1
47.2925	priority valve element	SUN	LPBC-LDN	1
47.2897	shuttle valve element	SUN	CSAX-XXN	1
47.2755	solenoid valve, cetop	Wandfluh	BE4D42-G24	1
36	load regulation valve	IH		2
	cylinder for the articulated			
	arms	Dinolift		2
38 47.3119 N	magnetic valve	Parker		1
	Painike venttiileihin	\\\\andle\d	114	4
	47.2910 47.2720B DL7.006 47.377 47.2928 47.2932 47.2932 47.2925 47.2897 47.2755	47.2910 solenoid valve  drive motor  manually operated directional valve  DL7.006 outrigger cylinder  47.377 lock valve  priority valve for platform levelling 47.2928 priority valve block 47.2932 priority valve element 47.295 priority valve element 47.2897 shuttle valve element 47.2755 solenoid valve, cetop load regulation valve cylinder for the articulated arms  47.3119 magnetic valve  Painike venttiileihin	A7.2910   solenoid valve   drive motor   M+S	SV08-30-0-N   Interest   Interest   SV08-30-0-N   Interest   Interest   SV08-30-0-N   Interest   Interes

## **HYDRAULIC DIAGRAM**

## 160016 ->



Notes